

# Outline of presentation



- Why are we doing this?
- How have we done it?
- What it means for you?

## The District Plan

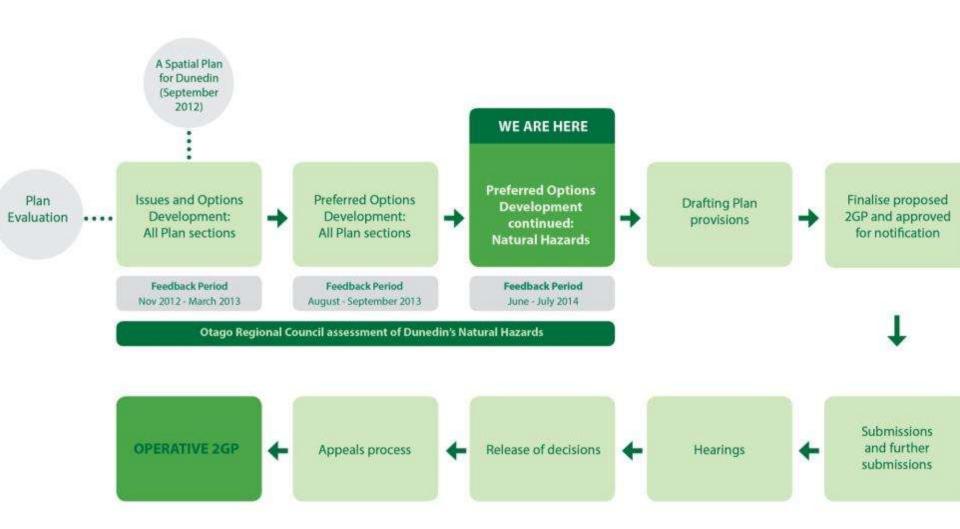




- Required by Resource Management Act
- Manages the effects of land use to achieve sustainable management of Dunedin's natural and physical resources
- Reviewed every 10 years
- Keep a record of natural hazards
- Manage land use to avoid or mitigate the effects of natural hazards
- Consider the effects of climate change

### **2GP Consultation Process**





# **2GP Strategic Directions**





#### **Natural Hazard Goals**

- Protection of life
- Minimise risk of injury and risk to health
- Minimise damage to property
- Create liveable communities
  - People able to live without stress and fear
  - Appropriate development affordable and appropriate infrastructure

# Approach to Risk





#### **Risk management focus:**

- a) high probability
- b) low probability but high potential impact

#### Goal:

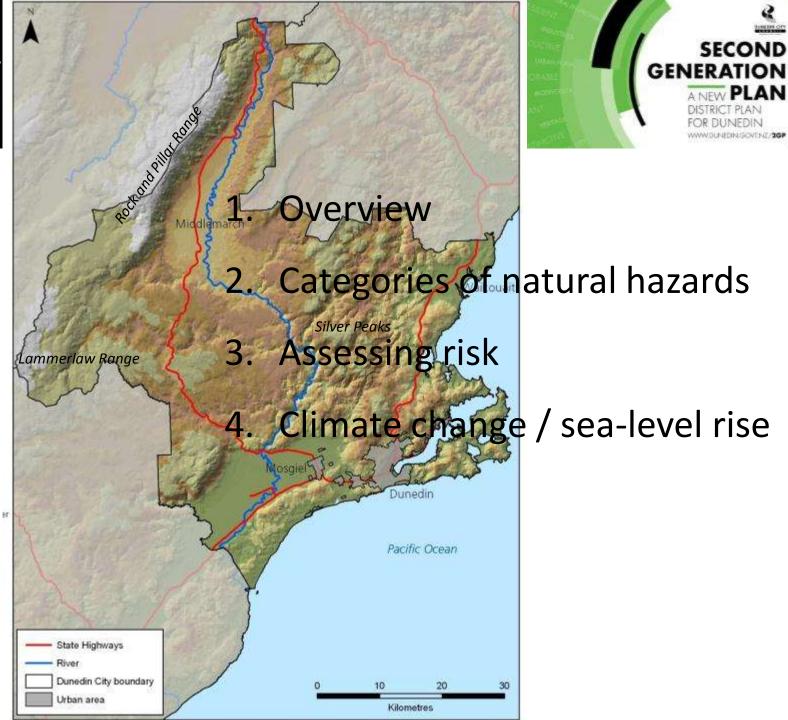
- a) To respond to risks in a balanced, reasonable manner
- b) Ability to use land weighed against significance of risk

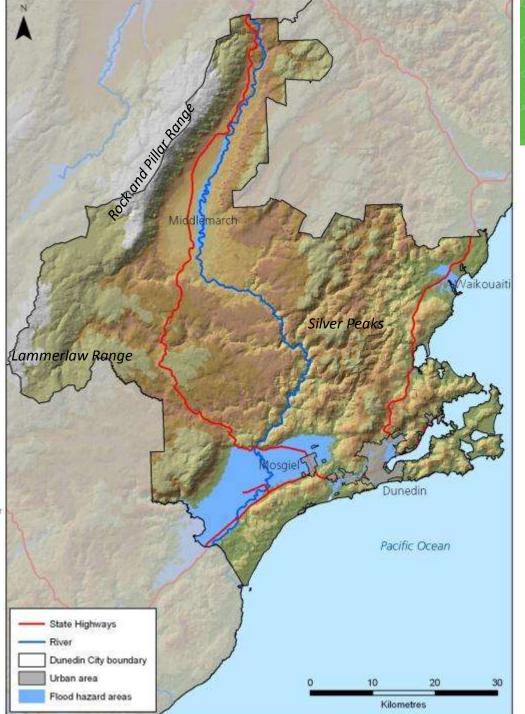
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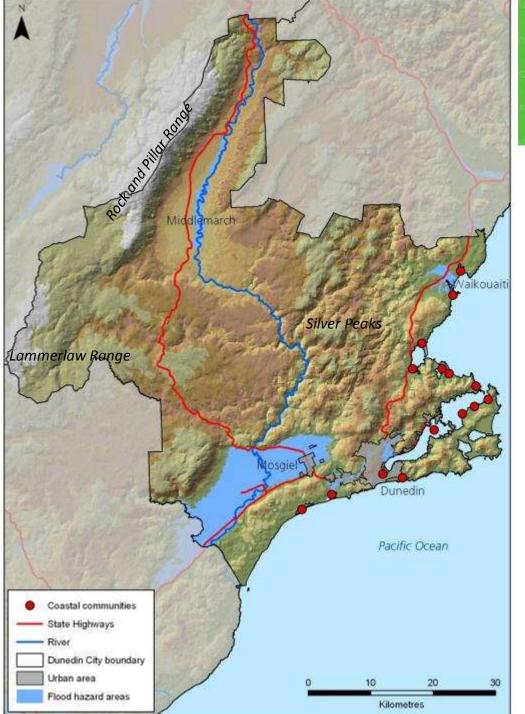
## Natur





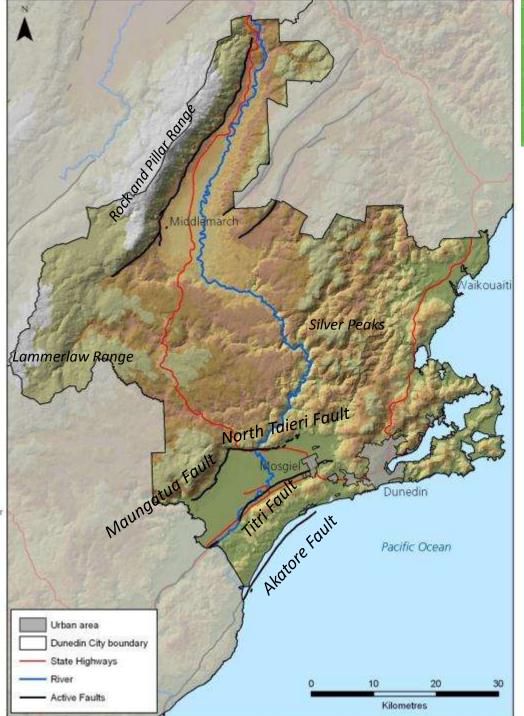


## Flood





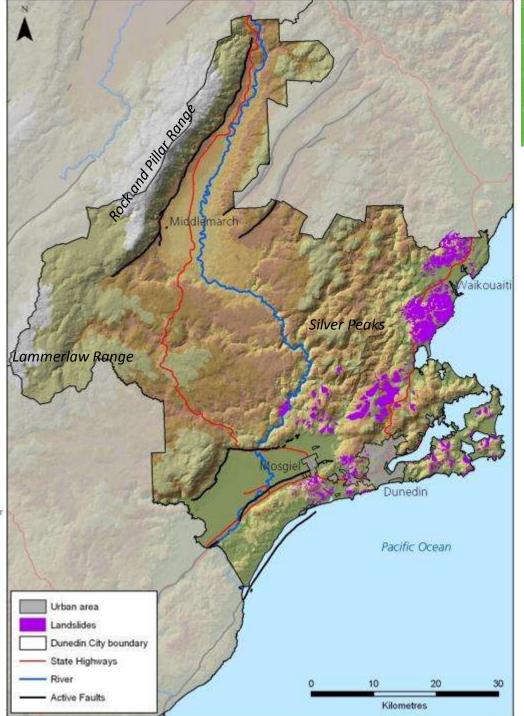
## Coastal





## Land-based:

Seismic





## Land-based:

Landslide





Wainui Bay, Tasman District
December 2011

#### Flood:

- Alluvial fans
- Rivers
- Overland flow
- Ponding areas

#### pastal:

- Storm surge, tsunami
- Erosion
- Sea-level rise

- Landslides / rockfall
- Liquefaction







Kaikorai Stream above Main South Road Bridge, March 1994

#### Flood:

- Alluvial fans
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Overland flow from Water of Leith, Cumberland Street, May 1923



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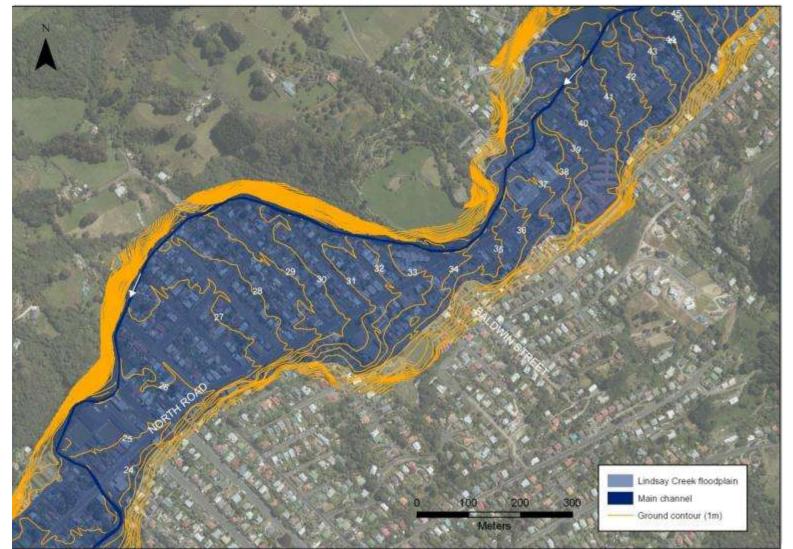
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www.orc.govt.nz

#### Harwood, July 2011

(source: ODT)

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#### **Coastal:**

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St Kilda Beach, 2007





#### Flood:

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#### **Coastal:**

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Teviot Street, June 2013

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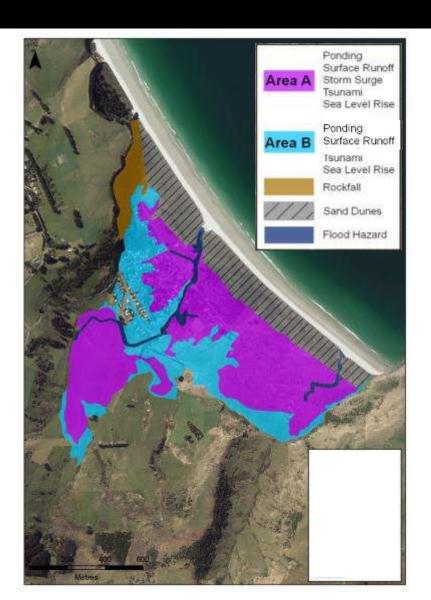
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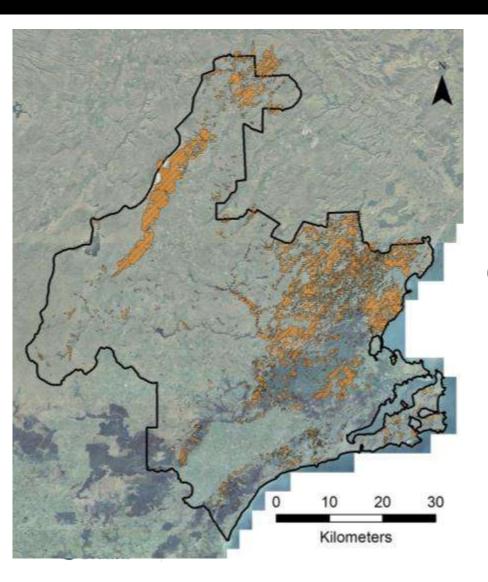
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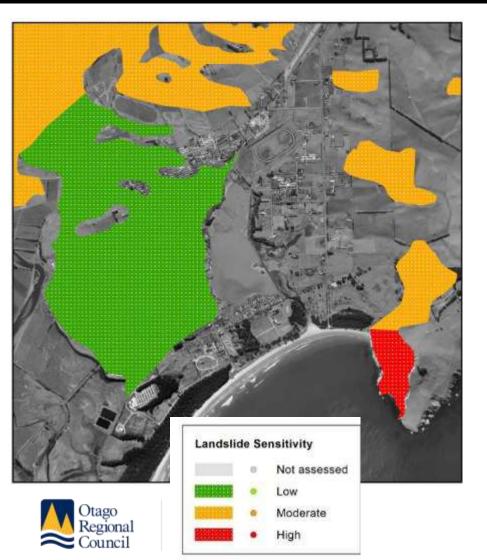
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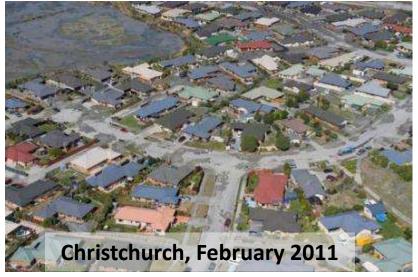
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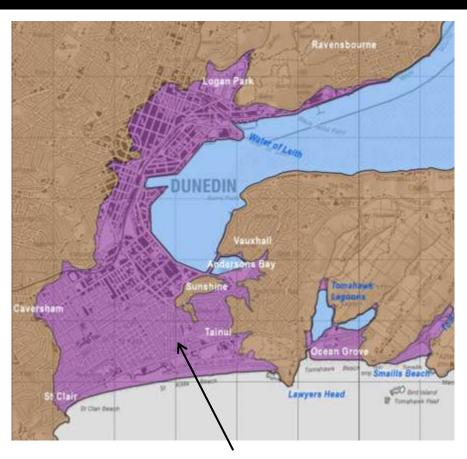
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- Poorly consolidated marine or estuarine sediments with shallow water table
- Moderate to high likelihood of liquefactionsusceptible materials being present

#### Flood:

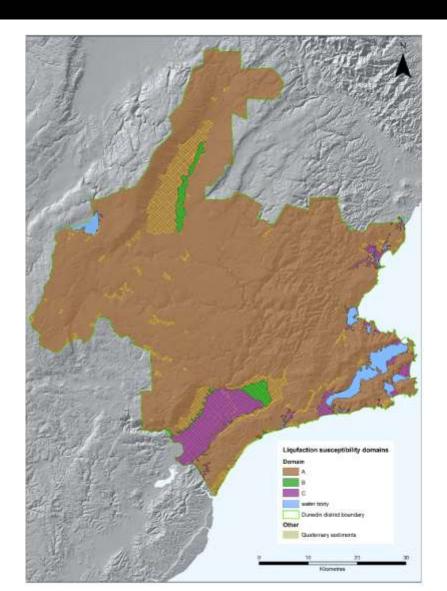
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- Consider all hazards...
- 2. Likelihood over *longer term*
- 3. Impact of *repeat events*
- 4. Consequences of the hazard







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Abbotsford landslide, August 1979

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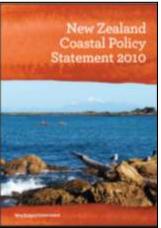
# Climate change











- 1. Assessment been guided by
  - National / International guidance
- 2. Effects of 'extreme' events
  - Rainfall & storminess
  - Flood magnitude
  - Landslide initiation
  - Alluvial fans



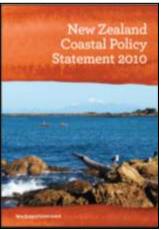
## Sea-level rise











- 1. Assessment been guided by
  - National / International guidance
  - Coastal Policy Statement
- 2. Used most recent guidance
  - 1m sea-level rise by 2115
  - 10mm/year beyond 2100



## Natural hazards not assessed





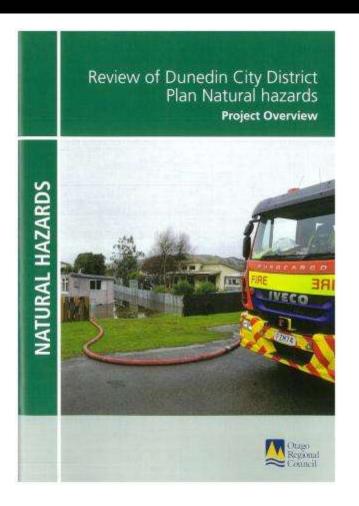
- Snow
- Wind
- Drought
- Fire

Managed through the Building Act (2004), and NZ Standards (eg, 3604).



## Sources of information



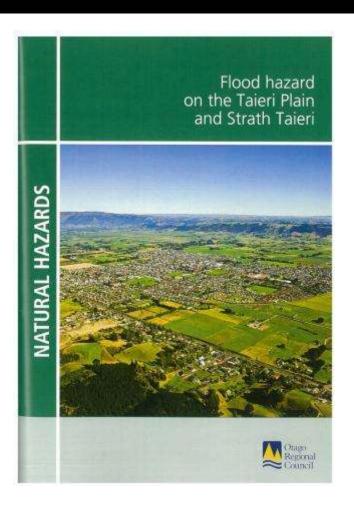


- 1. Project overview
- 2. Technical reports
- 3. ORC website
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  - Publications and reports
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# Refining our assessment



FFFDD LOV FOR	
FEEDBACK FOR	M C
	proposed approach to managing the risks of natural hazards in effuence professed aptions before they are included in the draft
The classing date for submission of feedback i	y Friday 1 August 2014.
Prefer to do it online? visit: www.dunedin.g	ovt.nz/2gp/feedback
Name:	533,814% -
Company/organisation (if relevant):	Suburb:
Email:	
I would like an email receipt of my fe	redback
	letter on 2GF and other City Development updates
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#### Submission form

- Review
- Further investigations?

# Outline of presentation



- Why are we doing this?
- How have we done it?
- What it means for you?

# What is changing to respond to this?



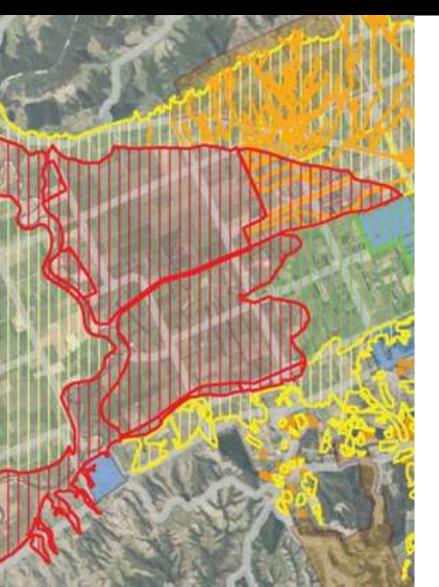


#### **Bringing natural hazards into 2GP**

- Map vulnerable areas as Natural Hazard Overlay Zones
  - Only applies to areas within overlays
- Activities managed according to their sensitivity
- Primarily impacts on new development
- Liquefaction susceptibility NOT included in hazard overlay zones

## Extreme Risk





#### **Hazard Characteristics**

- Floodways, flood protection areas, dune systems, buffering features
- Sudden onset of hazard
- Threat to life
- High risk of significant property damage

#### **2GP Approach**

 New sensitive development never appropriate

# High Risk





#### **Hazard Characteristics**

- Cumulative and repetitive hazard events
- Threat to health and safety
- Risk of significant damage to property

#### **2GP Approach**

 New sensitive development only appropriate in exceptional circumstances

## Moderate Risk





#### **Hazard Characteristics**

- Threat to health and safety but low risk of loss of life
- Range of risk to property from minor to significant property damage

#### **2GP Approach**

- New sensitive development may be acceptable
- Assessed on case by case basis

## Low Risk





#### **Hazard Characteristics**

- Lower risk to health and safety
- Some risk of property damage
- Effects can generally be tolerated if development managed

#### **2GP Approach**

 New development acceptable but managed to reduce risk

# Overview of approach to managing risk



ACTIVITY	EXTREME RISK HAZARD OVERLAY	HIGH RISK HAZARD OVERLAY	MODERATE RISK HAZARD OVERLAY	LOW RISK HAZARD OVERLAY
All residential activities	Pr	NC	RD	P
Early Childhood Centres	Pr	NC	RD	Р
Farming & Forestry	P	P	Р	P
Industry	Pr	P	Р	P
Retail & Office	Pr	P	Р	P
Service Station	Pr	Pr	Pr	D
Subdivision creating new vacant lot	Pr	NC	NC	RD

ACTIVITY	EXTREME RISK HAZARD OVERLAY	HIGH RISK HAZARD OVERLAY	MODERATE RISK HAZARD OVERLAY	LOW RISK HAZARD OVERLAY
Accessory buildings/ Garages and Car Ports	RD	Р	Р	Р
Building additions that increase footprint	RD	Р	Р	Р
New Residential Building	Pr	NC	RD	P
All other buildings	NC	RD	RD	P
Earthworks	RD	RD	Р	Р

	<b>ACTIVITY STATUS TYPES</b>
	Permitted Activity
P	No resource consent is required, provided that any performance standards associated with the permitted activity in the District Plan are complied with. The ability to undertake an activity as a permitted activity is often referred to being 'provided for as of right'.
	Controlled Activity
c	Resource consent is required, but must be granted. Conditions can be imposed on the consent, but can only relate to matters that the DCC has specified in the District Plan.
	Restricted Discretionary Activity
RD	Resource consent is required, and can be granted or declined on a case-by-case basis. If the consent is granted conditions can be imposed, but can only relate to the matters that the DCC has specified in the District Plan.
	Discretionary Activity
D	Resource consent is required, and may be granted or declined on a case-by-case basis. If the consent is granted conditions can be imposed on any matters that the DCC considers necessary to address effects or the environment.
	Non-complying Activity
NC	Resource consent is required, and can only be granted if the effects are minor or the activity is consistent with the objectives and policies of the District Plan. If the consent is granted, conditions can be imposed on any matters that the DCC considers necessary to address effects on the environment.
	Prohibited Activity
Pr	No resource consent will be granted for a prohibited activity.

**NOTE 1.** The underlying zone may have a stricter activity status that will apply eg in a residential zone industry would be a non-complying activity. **NOTE 2.** Activities may also be subject to performance standards.

# Key Performance Standards





- Minimum floor levels
- Relocatable dwellings
- Earthworks
- Vegetation clearance
- Fences
- Subdivision

# Risks from earthquakes



#### **Liquefaction Assessment**

- Inform zoning, greenfield developments
- Geotechnical assessment for larger subdivisions, plan changes for urban use
- Building safety addressed through Building Act

## Summary





- To respond to risks in a balanced, reasonable manner
- Ability to use land weighed against significance of risk
- Create liveable communities