Pluvial Flooding at Auckland Coastal Settlements

23rd May 2018





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- Describing the Problem
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The Problem

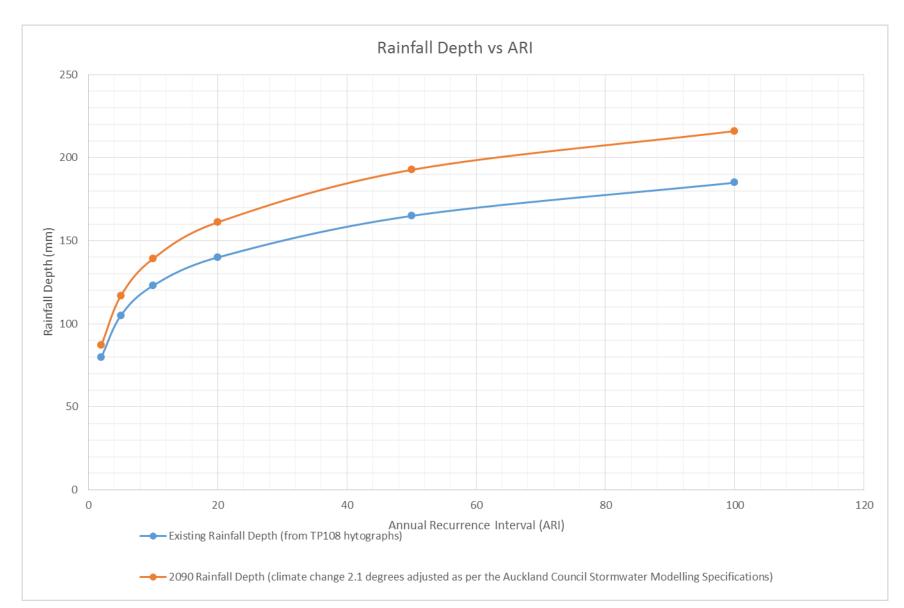
PRAT

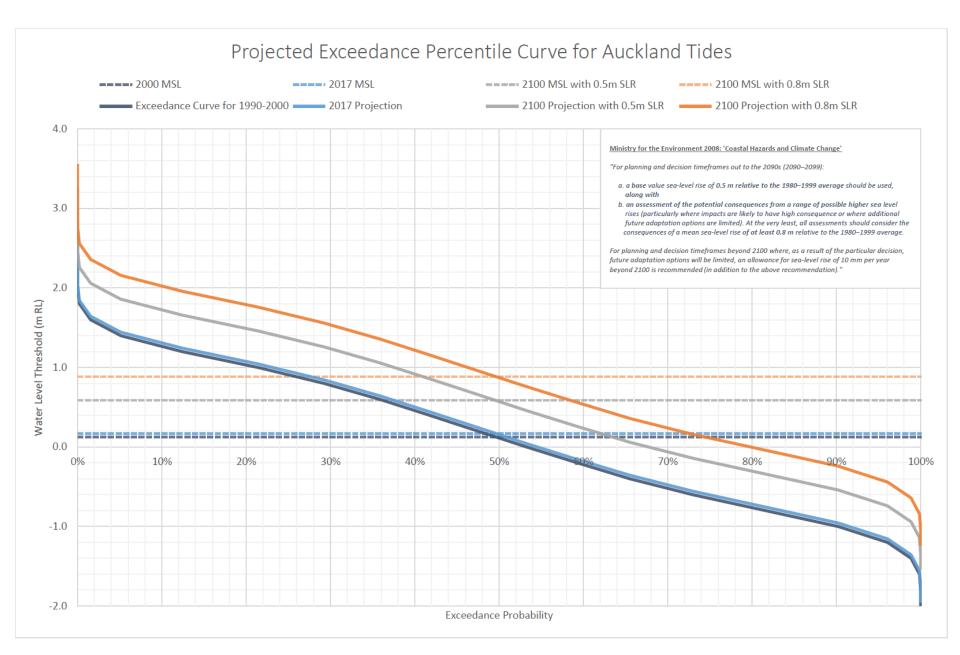
Bucklands Beach, November 2017 (source: Auckland Council)

Tamaki Drive, January 2011 (source: NZ Herald)



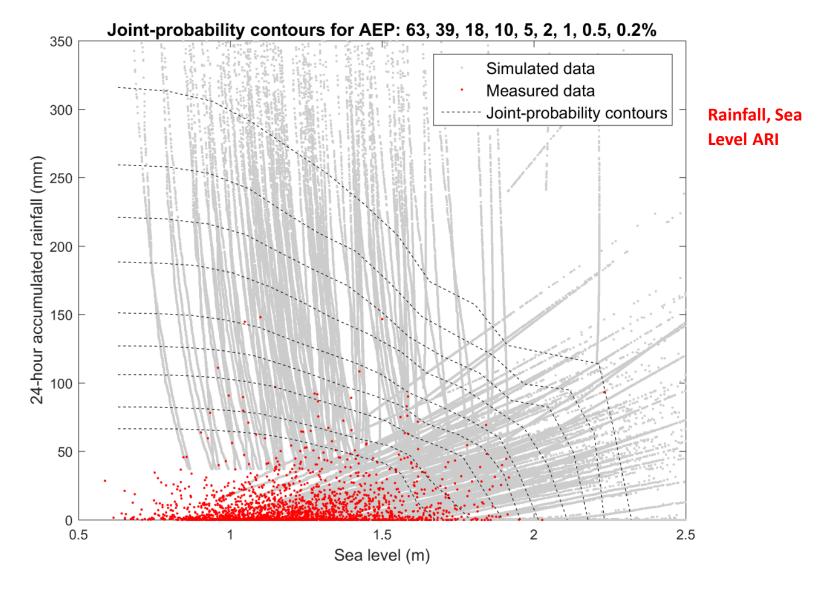
Describing the Problem

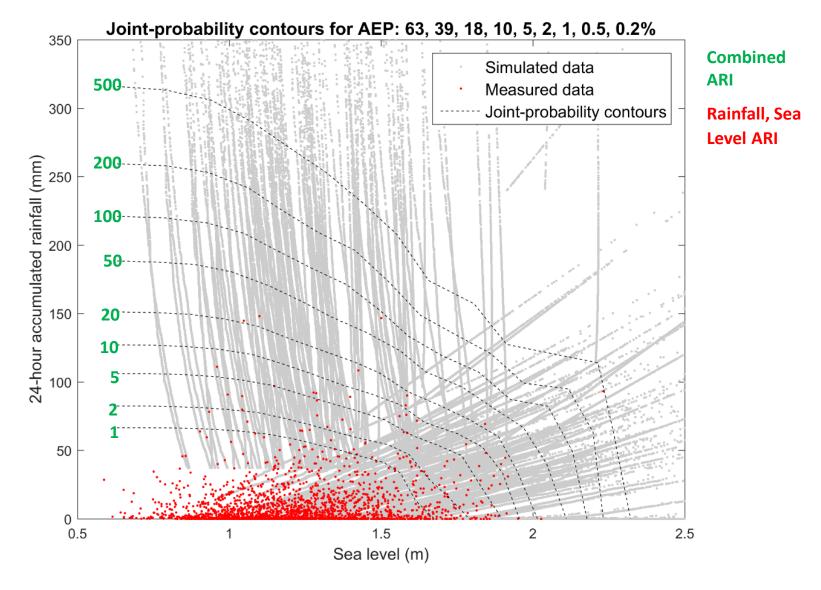


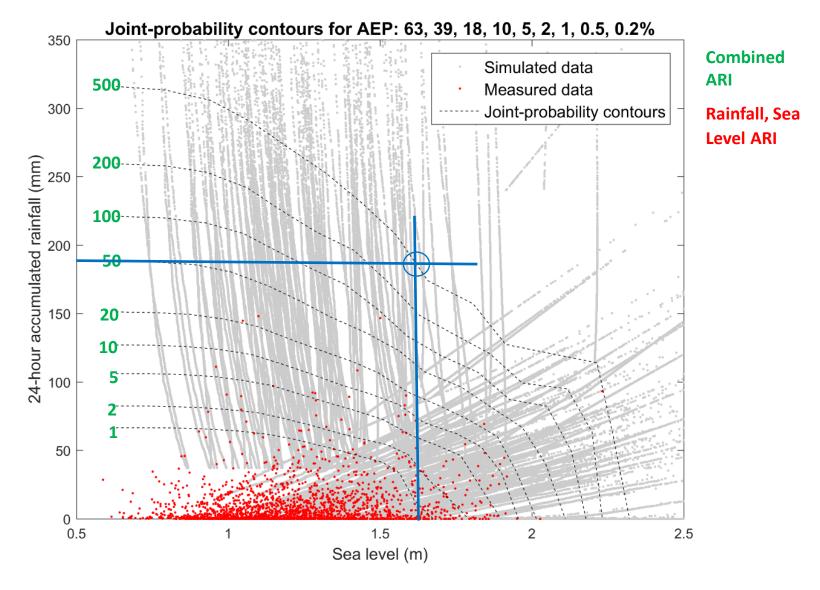


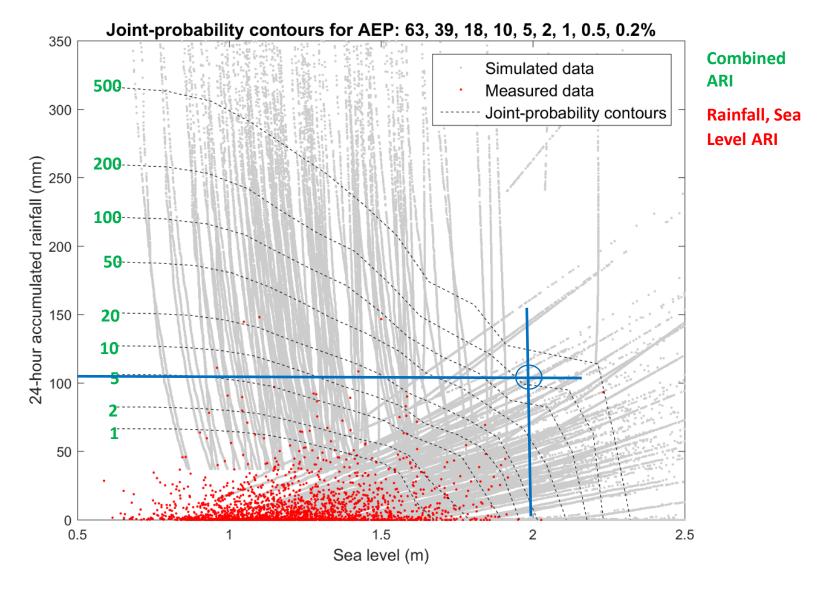
Rainfall and Sea Level Combinations

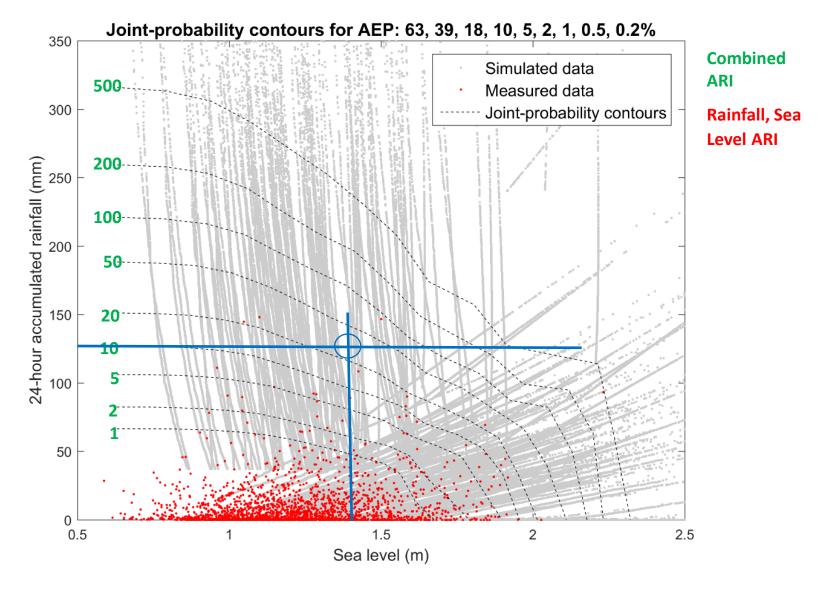
Rainfall ARI	Tailwater ARI	NIWA water level mRL	Tailwater exceedance	Joint AEP
100	2	1.99	0.00005704	Minuscule
50	5	2.07	0.00002282	Minuscule
20	10	2.13	0.00001141	Minuscule
10	20	2.18	0.0000057	Minuscule
5	50	2.25	0.00000228	Minuscule
2	100	2.30	0.00000114	Minuscule











Adaptive management

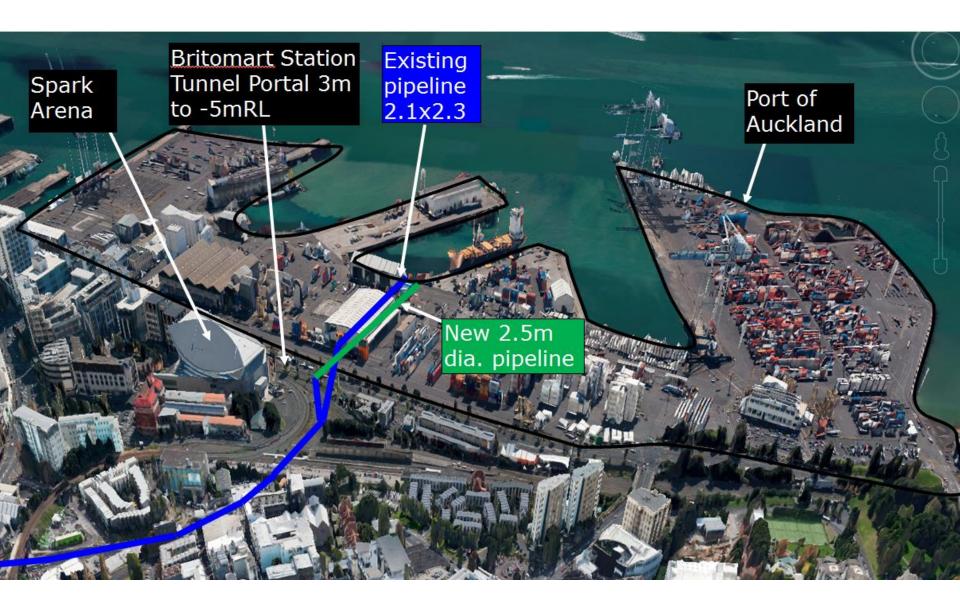
- Need to understand the risk today
- How will that risk change?

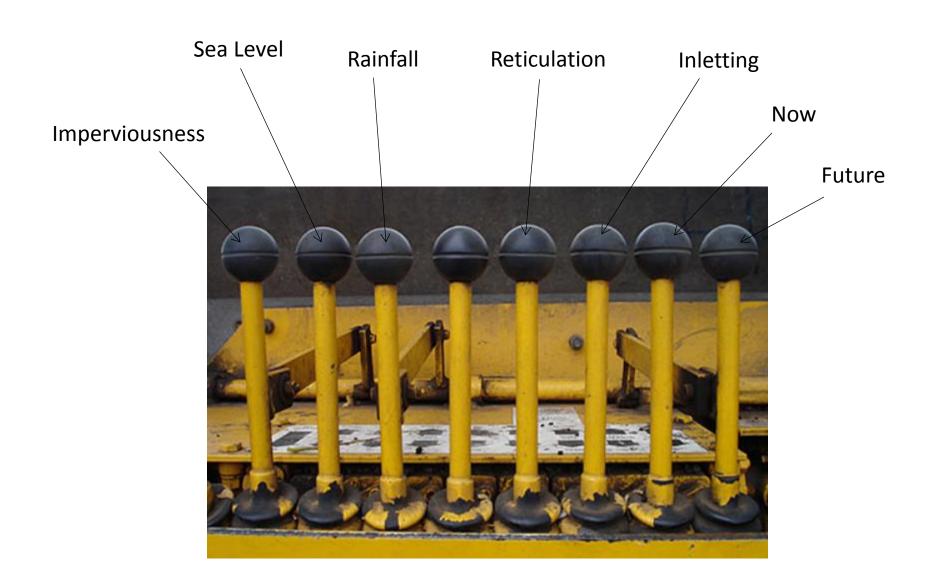


Parliamentary Commissioner for the **Environment**

Te Kaitiaki Taiao a Te Whare Pāremata

Britomart Station Tunnel Portal





Testing the Asset performance

		Rainfall AEP (%)			
Outlet Size	Rainfall (mm)	2017	2059	2100	
	105	20.0%	22.5%	25.0%	
	117	12.5%	16.3%	20.0%	
	140	5.0%	7.5%	10.0%	
2.1x2.3	185	1.0%	1.9%	2.8%	
	216	0.7%	0.8%	1.0%	
	216	0.7%	0.8%	1.0%	
	216	0.7%	0.8%	1.0%	

Increasing frequency

Decreasing frequency

Testing the Asset performance

		Rainfall AEP (%)				Sea Level Exceed Pro			
Outlet Size	Rainfall (mm)	2017	2059	2		Sea Level	2017	2057	2100
	105	20.0%	22.5%	25	duency	1.89	0.5%	7.8%	15.0%
	117	12.5%	16.3%	20	nba	1.89	0.5%	7.8%	15.0%
	140	5.0%	7.5%	1(1.6	2.0%	15.0%	28.0%
2.1x2.3	185	1.0%	1.9%	2	ing	1.39	5.0%	19.5%	34.0%
	216	0.7%	0.8%	1	as	1.89	0.5%	7.8%	15.0%
	216	0.7%	0.8%	1	cre	1.2	12.0%	26.0%	40.0%
	216	0.7%	0.8%	1	Decre	0.7	33.0%	44.0%	55.0%

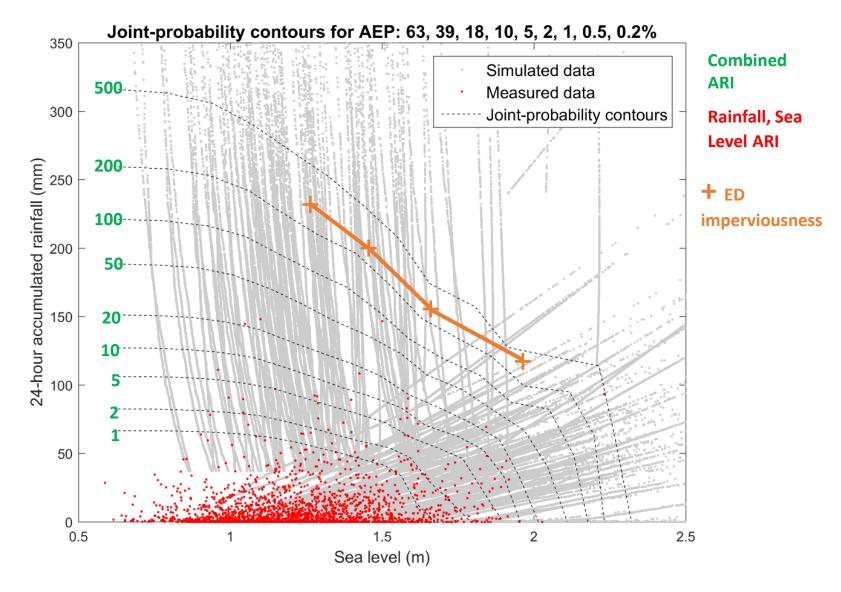
Increasing frequency

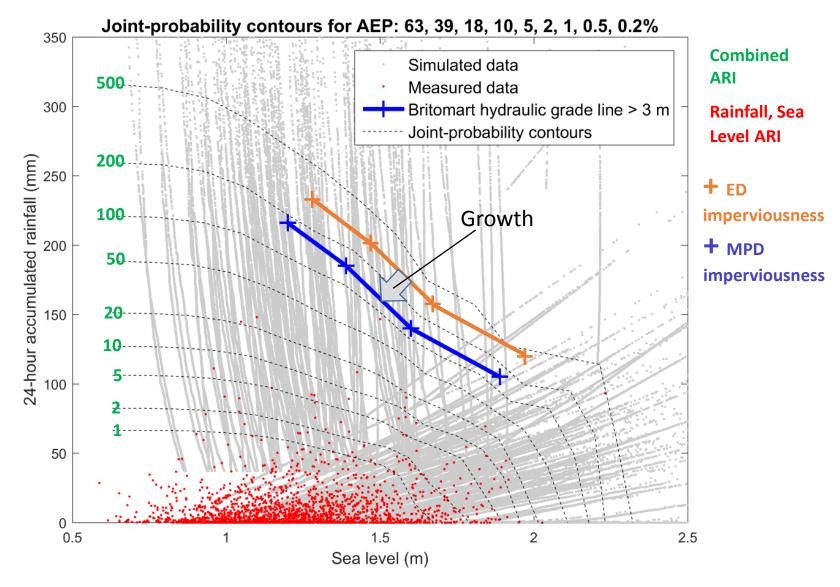
Testing the Asset performance

				Asset Protected?		Joint Probability (ARI)		
Outlet Size	Rainfall (mm)	Sea Level	HGL at Britomart	Britomart Station	Old Railway Building	2017	2057	2100
	105	1.89	3.04	No	No	100-200	10-20	5-10
	117	1.89	3.06	No	No	100-200	20-50	5-10
	140	1.6	3.04	No	No	100-200	20-50	10-20
2.1x2.3	185	1.39	3.00	No	No	100-200	50-100	20-50
	216	1.89	>3	No	No	500+	200-500	100-200
	216	1.2	3.05	No	No	200-500	50-100	50-100
	216	0.7	2.94	Yes	Yes	100-200	50-100	50-100
2.1x2.3 + 1.8 circ ²	117	1.89	2.87	Yes	Yes	100-200	20-50	5-10
	216	1.6	2.93	Yes	Yes	100-200	100-200	50-100
1.6x1.8 + 2.6 circ ²	117	1.89	2.91	Yes	Yes	100-200	20-50	5-10
	216	1.6	2.97	Yes	Yes	100-200	100-200	50-100

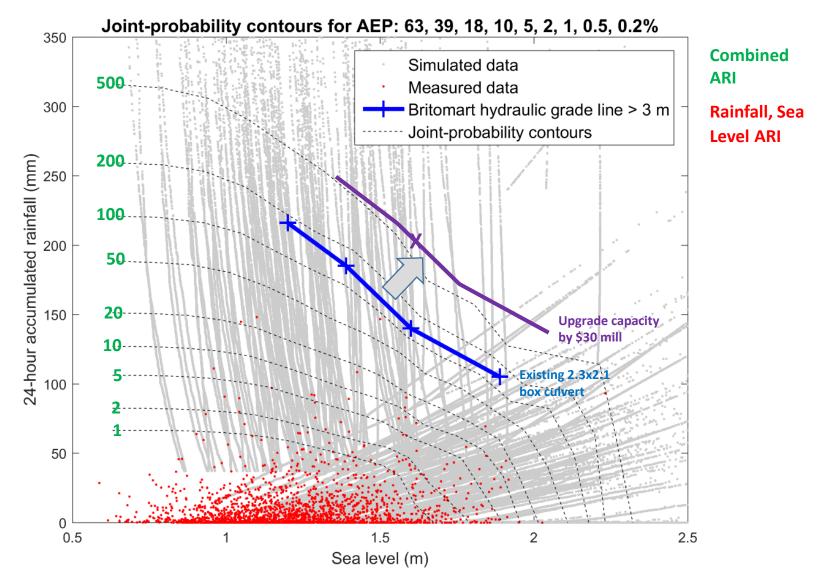
Increasing frequency

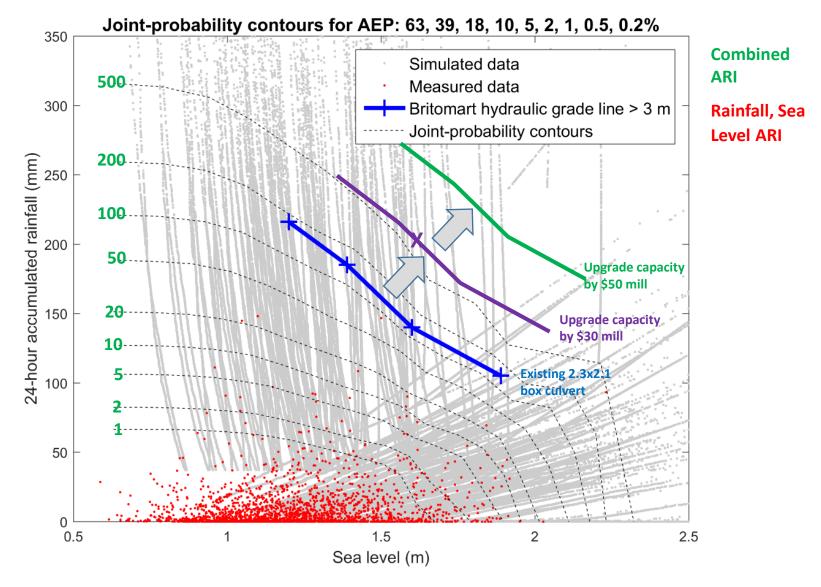
Increasing cost to fix

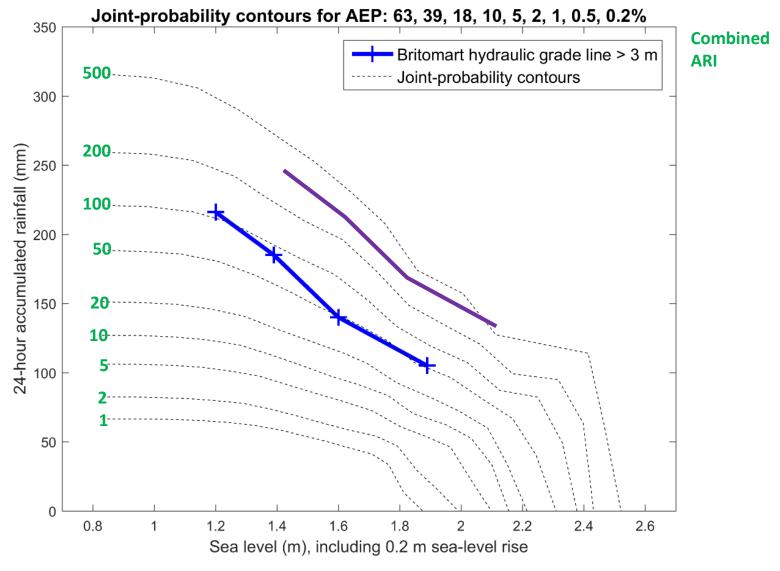




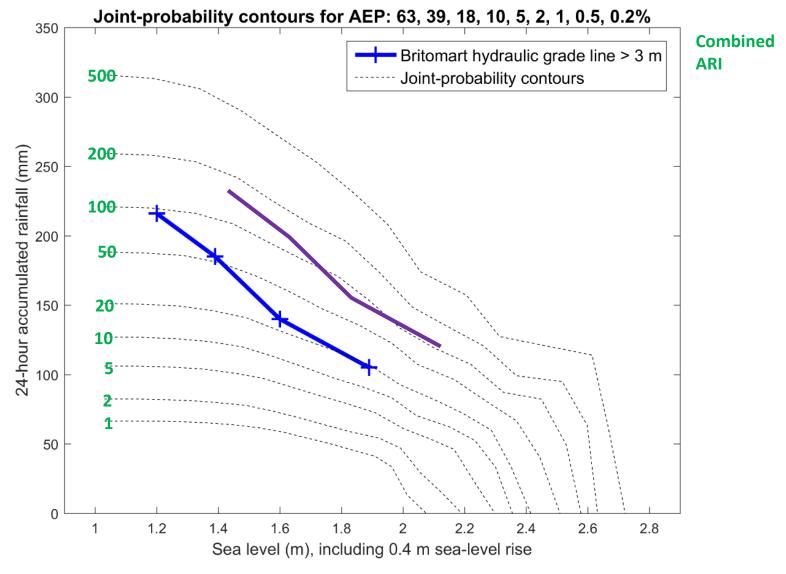
Scott Stephens, Niwa, 2018

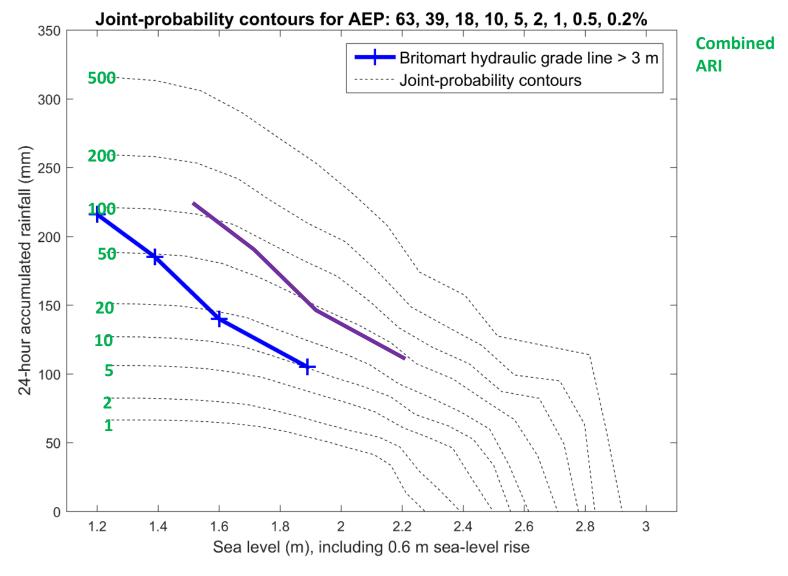


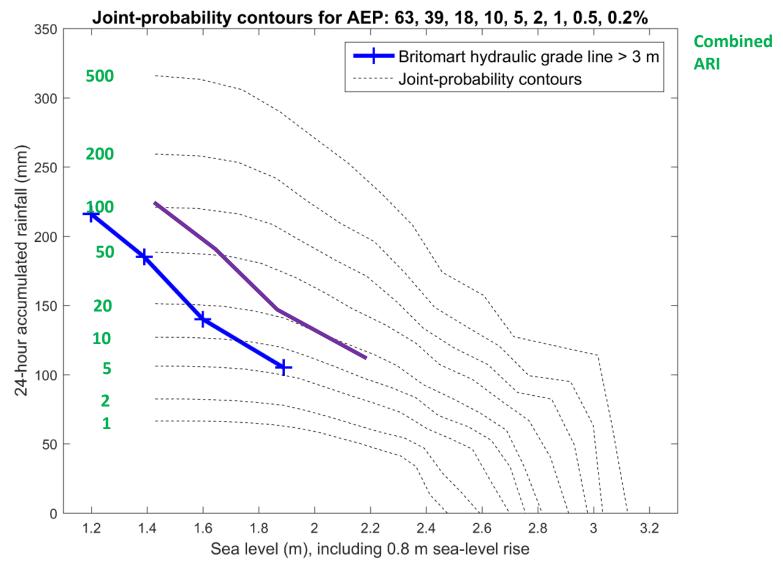




Scott Stephens, Niwa, 2018







The result

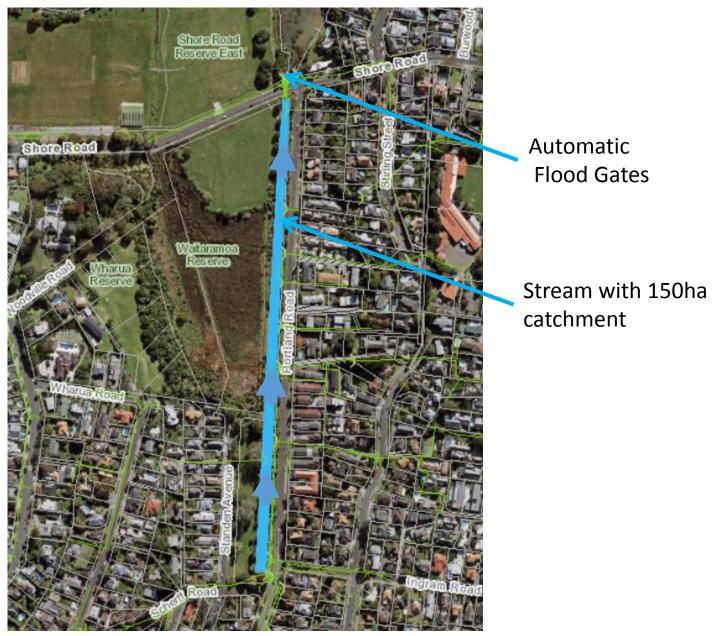
- \$50 million is the optimal balance of reduced flood risk and cost
- \$30 million is the affordable level
- But only future-proofed 20 years or so

The result

- \$50 million is the optimal balance of reduced flood risk and cost
- \$30 million is the affordable level
- But only future proofed 20 years or so

- Do nothing goes from ARI of 100 to 200 years to an ARI of 5-10 years!!
- •After 20 years we will need to start pumping!

Keeping Water out of Portland Road



Keeping Water out of Portland Road



Keeping Water out of Portland Road



Gates close at 1.2mRL 15% of time

Road at 1.5mRL, floods with 10mm of rain when the gates are closed



Option	CAPEX (\$mill)	
Raise the Road to 1.9 mRL	2.5	Preferred
Diversion of the upstream catchment	2.0	Not effective
Major pump station	3.0	Big O&M \$\$

Road flooding frequency goes from twice per year to around once per 8 years.

But only good for about 20 years due to sea level rise

How Does Auckland Compare with other areas?

	Within 1.5m of spring high tide mark						
	Auckland	Wellington	Christchurch	Dunedin			
Homes	1360	5008	9957	3604			
Businesses	60	160	193	185			
Roads (km)	56	58	201	72			



Preparing New Zealand for rising seas: Certainty and Uncertainty, November 2015, Parliamentary Commissioner for the Environment.

Conclusions

Extreme Rainfall and Sea level together is highly unlikely,...or is it?



Conclusions

Extreme Rainfall and Sea level together is highly unlikely,...or is it?

Can we afford to engineer against it?



Conclusions

Extreme Rainfall and Sea level together is highly unlikely,...or is it?

Can we afford to engineer against it?

Frequent rainfall **and** highish tides are often the most likely and worst performing scenarios for coastal infrastructure

Can engineer against them for now,... but accept that in the near future, pumping or retreat will be required (Adaptive approach)



Police stop wakeboarder trying to ride Remuera floodwaters behind car

10 Mar, 2017 7:07pm

() Quick Read

Questions?



