

Seattle's Green Stormwater Infrastructure (GSI) Program

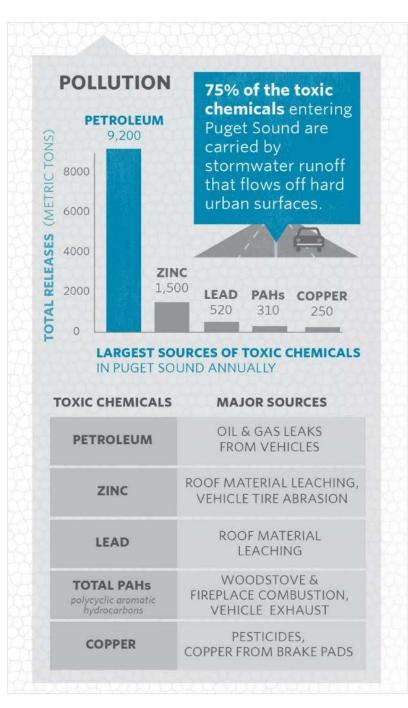
September 19, 2018 // WaterNZ

Tracy Tackett
Capital Portfolio Manager



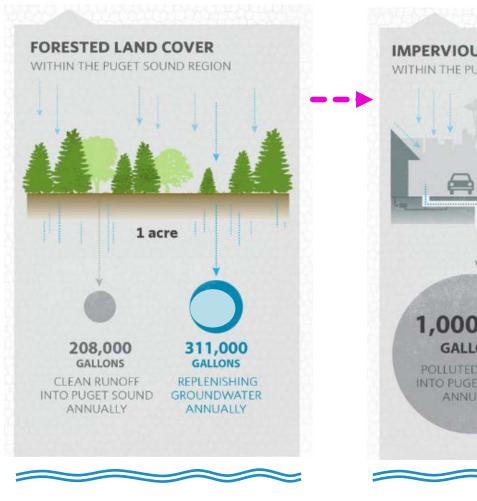


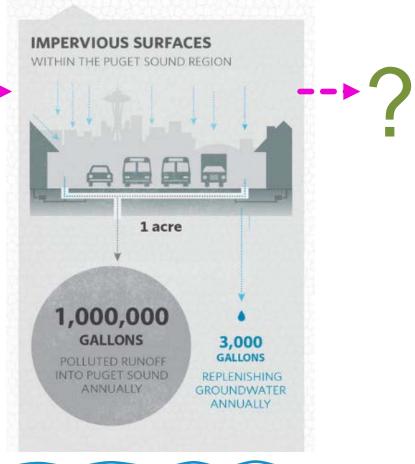




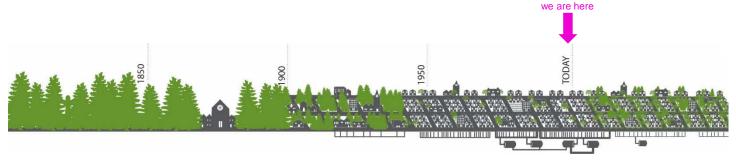








Seattle Public Utilities



TOOLS ON PRIVATE LAND

RESIDENTIAL SCALE



















TOOLS ON PUBLICLAND

total drainage area 129 ACRES



total drainage area: 435 ACRES



multi-benefit use of the right-of-way

primary project purpose: FLOOD PREVENTION



primary project purpose: FLOOD PREVENTION



multi-benefit use of parcels

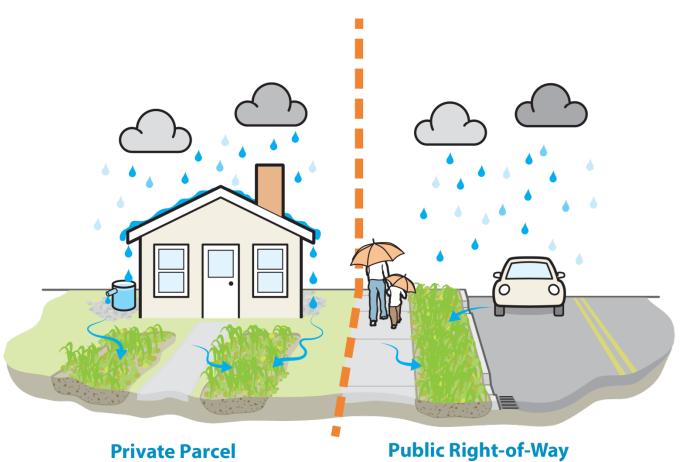


CISTERNS

GREEN ROOFS

PERVIOUS PAVING

Terminology Clarification





Creek protection and salmon recovery





SEA Street; 110th St. Cascade; Pinehurst and Broadview Green Grids;

HighPoint Redevelopment

Early CSO compliance and Stormwater Code

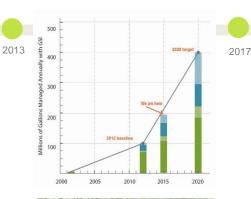




RainWise program development

GSI required in Stormwater Code

Citywide policy & code updates and Integrated (CSO/SW) Plan





Citywide commitment and target

\$35M Natural Drainage System Partnering Program

Investments integrated with open space, transportation, and development





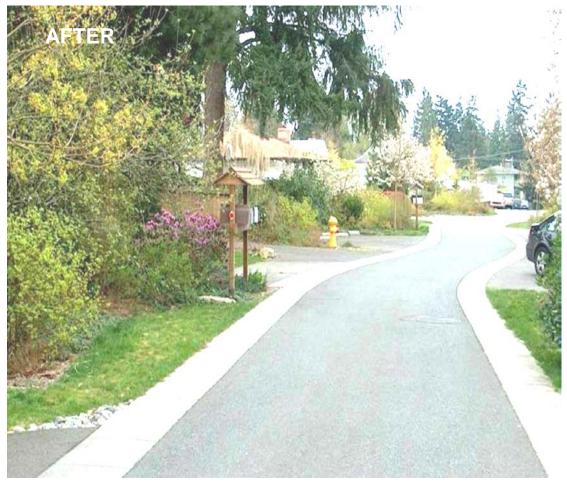
\$35M Urban Village Program

North Transfer Station; Fremont Building



SEA Street







Broadview Green Grid

Natural Drainage System at 107th from Palatine facing west





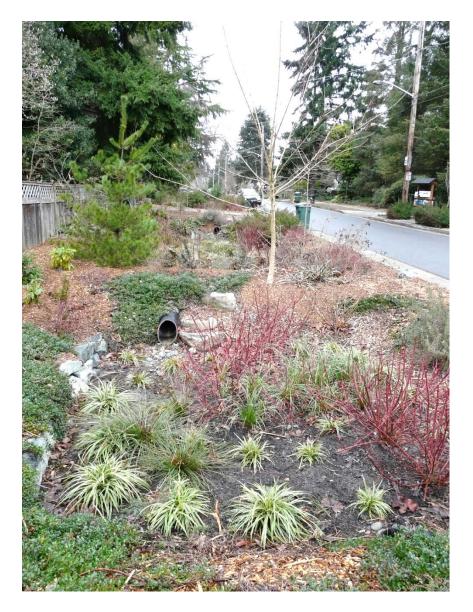
Broadview Green Grid





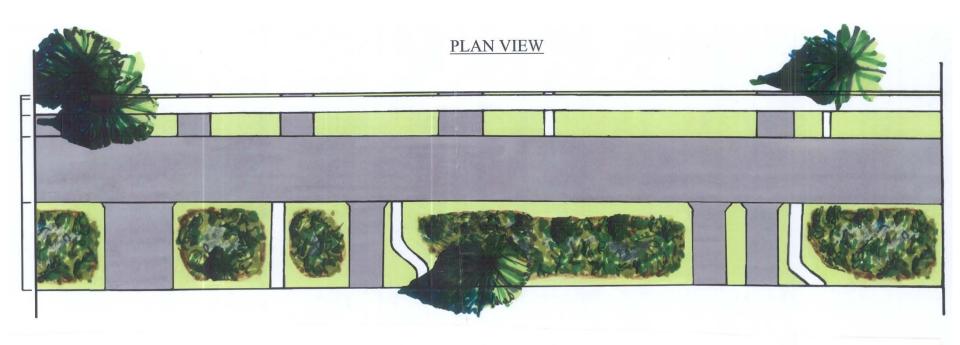


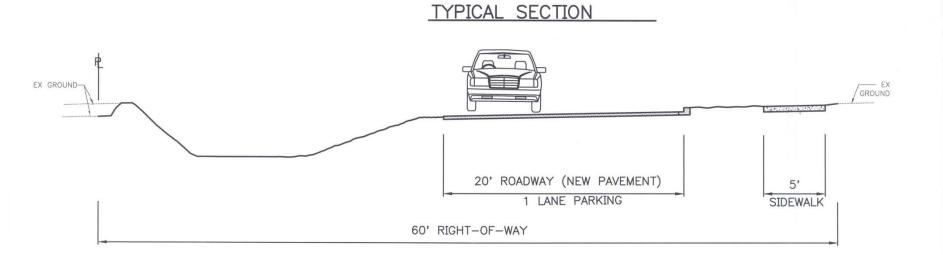
Pinehurst Green Grid





Pinehurst Green Grid





High Point Redevelopment









Porous Pavement

High Point Redevelopment







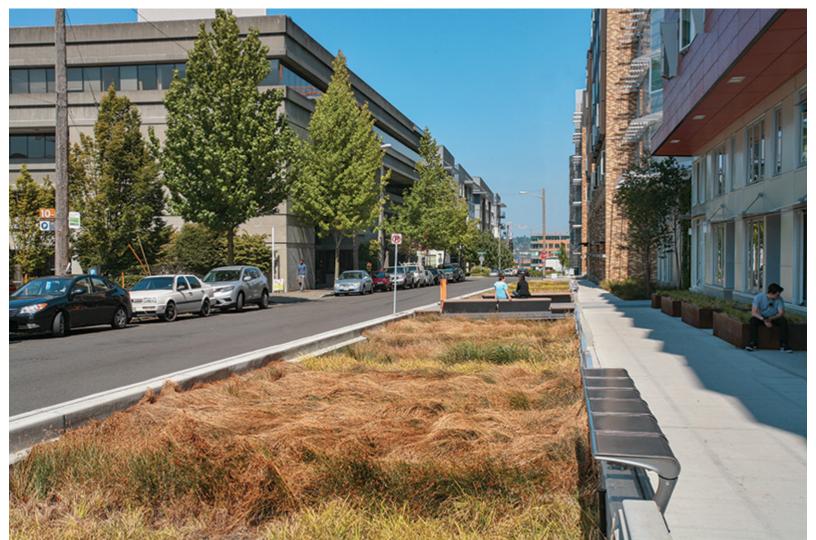
Ballard Roadside Raingardens





Capitol Hill Water Quality Channel

"Swale on Yale"





Ballard NDS Project

Shortened Crossings









Ballard NDS







Performance Innovation

Taking Advantage of the Area Under the Sidewalk





Ballard NDS Innovation

Structural soil cells













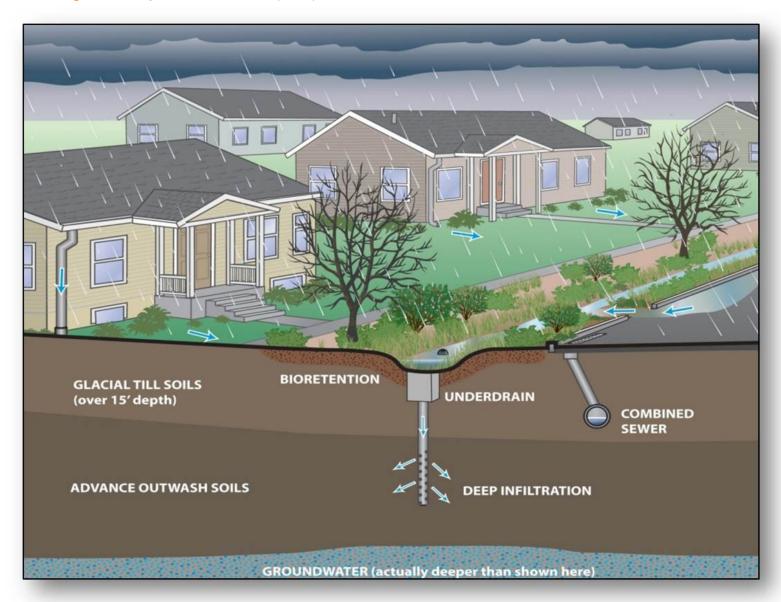
Venema





Deep Infiltration:

Underground Injection Control (UIC) Wells





Delridge NDS









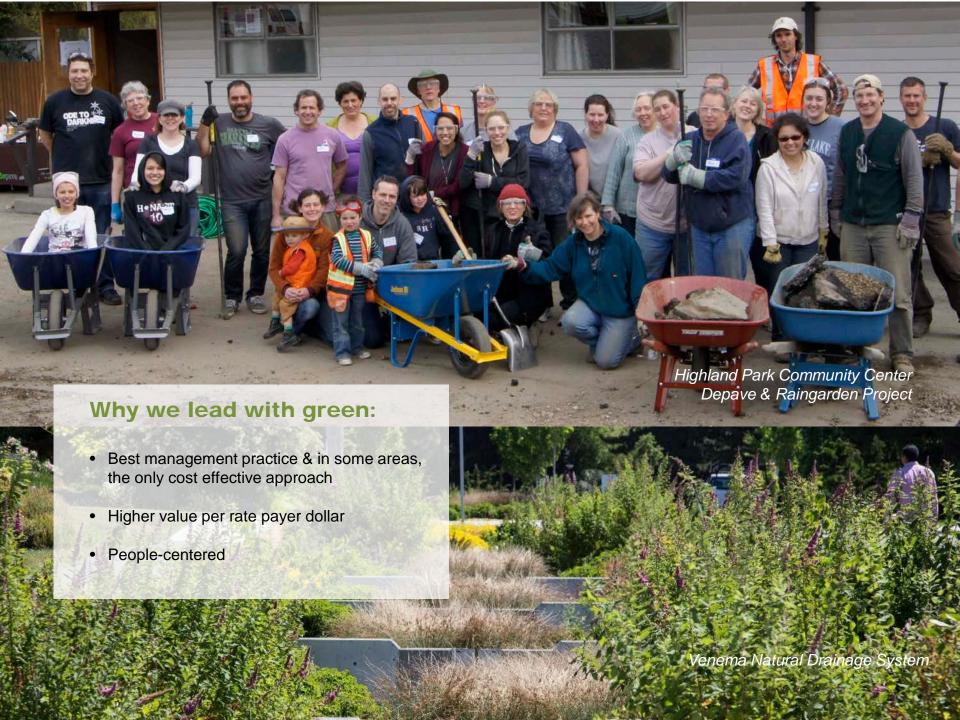


30th Ave NE Project











*Improvements to support a healthy environment for all can exacerbate displacement risk in communities of color and low income communities. This must be addressed with cohesive Citywide strategy.

Stormwater Pollution Is a Regional Challenge

Seattle Helps Set the Pace for Green Solutions



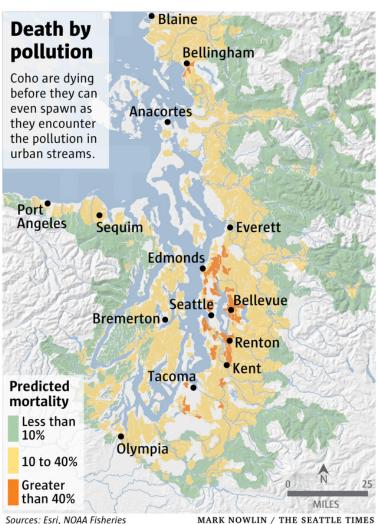
Environment | Local News | Northwest | Puget Sound

Stormwater pollution in Puget Sound streams killing coho before they can spawn

Originally published October 18, 2017 at 7:00 am | Updated October 18, 2017 at 12:27 pm



Coho salmon, including females full of eggs, are dying before they can spawn in Puget Sound
 streams polluted with stormwater runoff. (NOAA Fisheries)



Stormwater Pollution Is a Regional Challenge

Seattle Helps Set the Pace for Green Solutions







SALMON











Seattle is a founding partner of:

The Green Infrastructure Partnership (GrIP) Puget Sound Green Infrastructure Summit Regional RSJ Learning Cohort City Habitats



GSI Requirements Stormwater Code

On-site Flow Control Water Quality



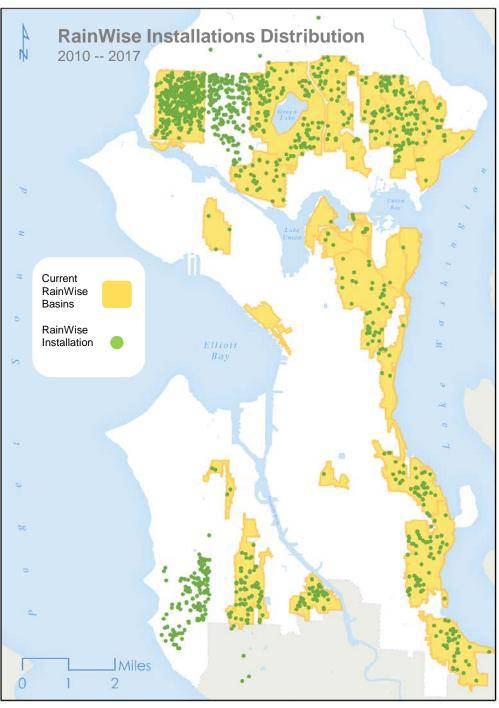










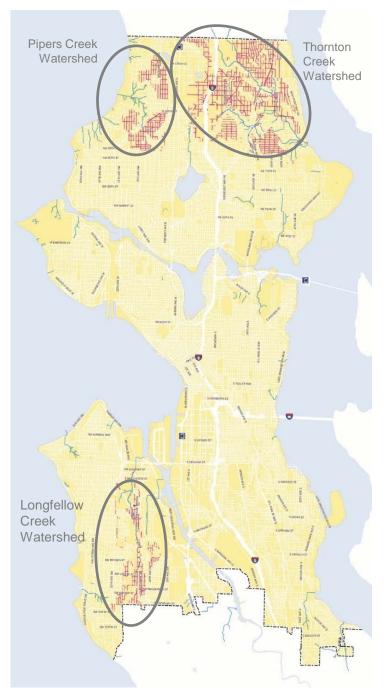




Watershed	Begin Design	Begin Construction
Thornton – 30 th NE (SDOT led)	2017	2018
Longfellow	2018	2019
Thornton – south	2018	2019
Thornton – North	2019	2021
Pipers	2020	2022

Highlighted streets are potentially technically feasible for a natural drainage system.

SPU is funded to build projects on about 4% of these blocks.



Natural Drainage Systems Partnering

Partnerships with Sister Agencies Lower Costs









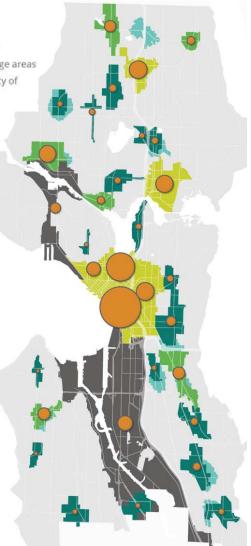
Urban Village Program

Improve Drainage, Water Quality, and Livability In Most Rapidly Growing Areas of Seattle

Projected Population Growth 2015-2035

Urban Center
 Hub Urban Village
 Residential Urban Village
 Potential New Urban Village areas
 Growth (expected quantity of new jobs and housing)

Seattle's population will grow by 120,000 people in the next 20 years.

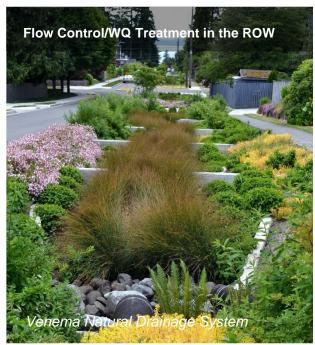


How will we leverage the moment of redevelopment - the lowest cost moment to update our infrastructure systems - to optimize public and private value, including: A climate-ready drainage & wastewater system Multi-functional/multi-seasonal open space Long-term stewardship of stormwater facilities Greater flexibility and creativity for developers Clear/explicit racial equity outcomes Tanner Springs Park Pearl District, Portland

Urban Village Program

Improve Drainage, Water Quality, and Livability In Most Rapidly Growing Areas of Seattle

POTENTIAL TYPOLOGIES









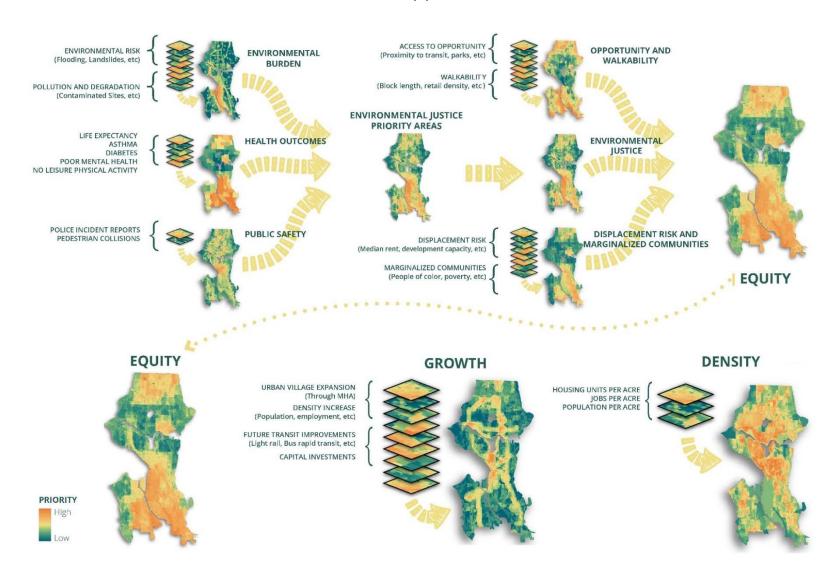


Urban Village Program

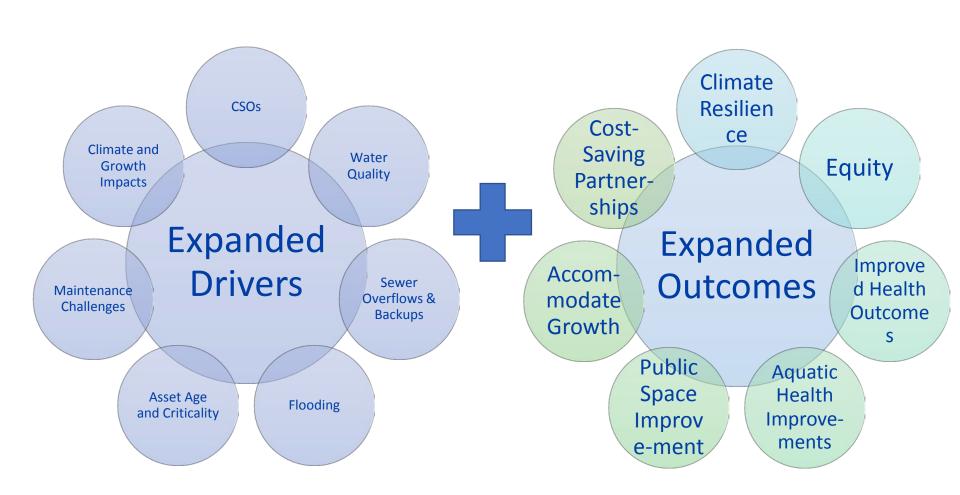
Improve Drainage, Water Quality, and Livability In Most Rapidly Growing Areas of Seattle

Urban Village Prioritization Approach Is Considering:

- OPCD analyses (data below) for racial equity, density, and growth
- Best-available SPU data on infrastructure needs and ecological variables
- Best-available data on parks and open space gaps
- Technical feasibility
- Partnership potential







Learn and Share

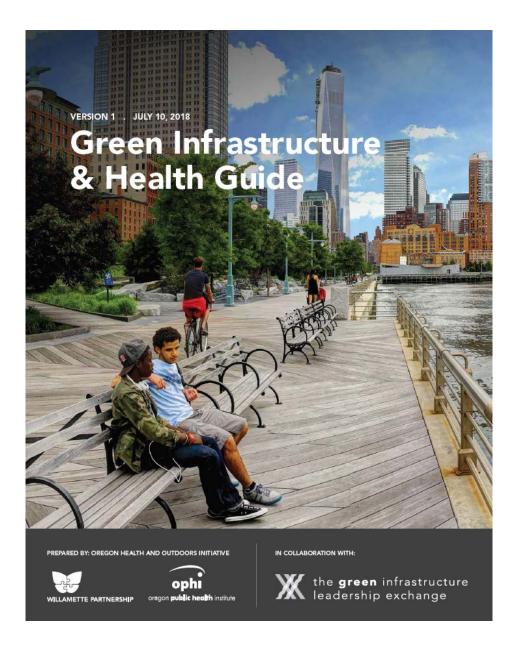
Learn more at 700milliongallons.org



Share ideas: rainwise@sattle.gov









Growing the Program:Building GSI Experience and Knowledge

Project	Project Drainage Area
SEA Street #1	2 acres
Carkeek Cascade	28 acres
Broadview Natural Drainage System	32 acres
Pinehurst Natural Drainage System	49 acres
High Point	129 acres
Thornton Creek Water Quality Project	660 acres
Ballard Roadside Bioretention	3 impervious acres
Swale on Yale	435 acres
Venema Natural Drainage System	80 acres
Delridge Natural Drainage System 2015	5.3 impervious acres
Ballard Natural Drainage System 2015	6.2 impervious acres



GSI Projects Primary Driver

Project	Water Quality	Flow
SEA Street #1		(2-year)
Carkeek Cascade @ 110th		maximize
Broadview NDS		(1-2 year)
Pinehurst NDS		(1-2 year)
High Point		Delay (6-mo storm)
Thornton Creek Water Quality Project (primary bioFILTRATION)	V	
Ballard Roadside Bioretention		(1 year)
Swale on Yale (primary bioFILTRATION)		
Venema Natural Drainage System		(1-2 year)
Delridge Natural Drainage System 2015		(1 year)
Ballard Natural Drainage System 2015		(1 year)



Long Term Control Plan

NDS Partnering Program

Pipers Creek Watershed

Watershed	Begin Design	Begin Construction
Longfellow	2017	2019
Thornton	2018	2019
Pipers	2019	2020

Highlighted streets are *potentially technically feasible* for a natural drainage system.

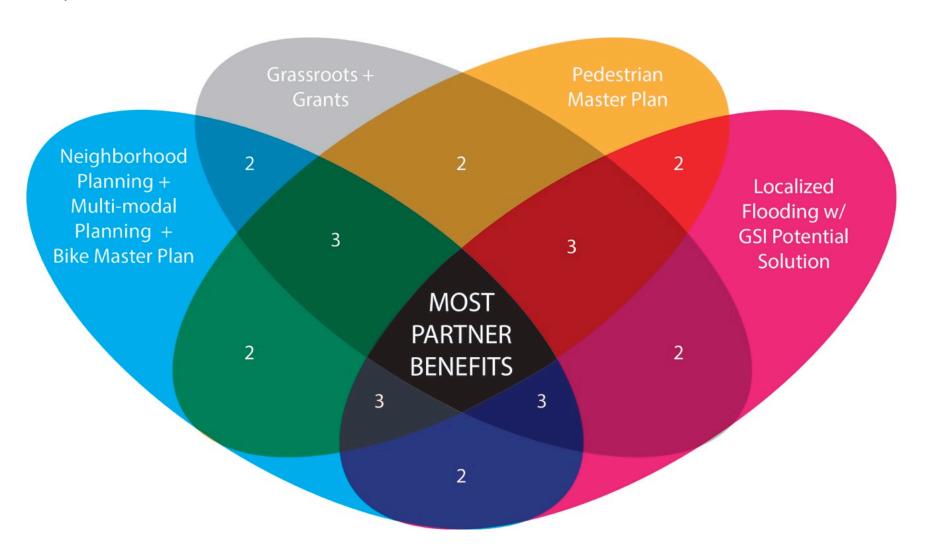
SPU is funded to build projects on about 4% of these blocks. This means we will be able to build natural drainage systems on a small sub-set of potentially feasible blocks.



Longfellow Creek Watershed

NDS Partnering Program

Partner with SDOT, Internal SPU departments (Localized Flooding), Grassroots/Communities, and Private Entities, to identify opportunities and implement GSI



Neighborhood Co-benefits

water pollution prevention +











GSI in Urban Villages

STORMWATER FUNCTION + PARK FUNCTION









RainWise Customer Path



Outreach:

- **Postcards**
- **Events**
- **Tabling**
- Website
- Media

Outreach:

- Website
- Fairs
- **Events**
- Matchmaking

Contractor **Training** (2x/year)

CM Inspectors:

- Preinspection
- Postinspection

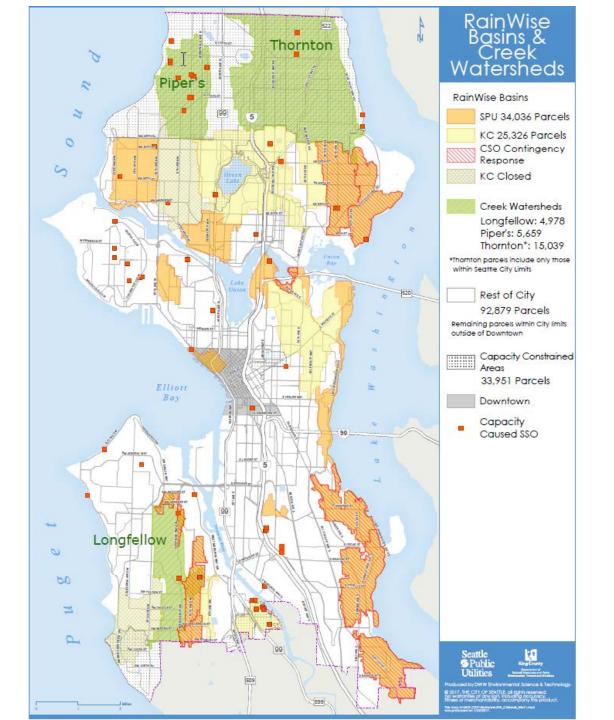
Program Manager + Admin + AP

Outreach:

- Reminders
- Guides
- Videos
- Hands on education

Follow-up Inspections







GSI Implementation Tools

Design Manuals

Manuals to support CIP design

Volume I: Project Initiation Phase

Volume II: Options Analysis

Volume III: GSI Design Phase

Volume III: Construction

Volume IV: O&M

Volume V: Monitoring

Project phase flow charts

Sequence of tasks

Add to list? Lessons learned?





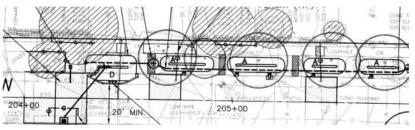
Green Stormwater Infrastructure

Working Together to Protect our Waterways

Green Stormwater Infrastructure Manual

Volume III: Design Phase





DRAFT January 23, 2014

