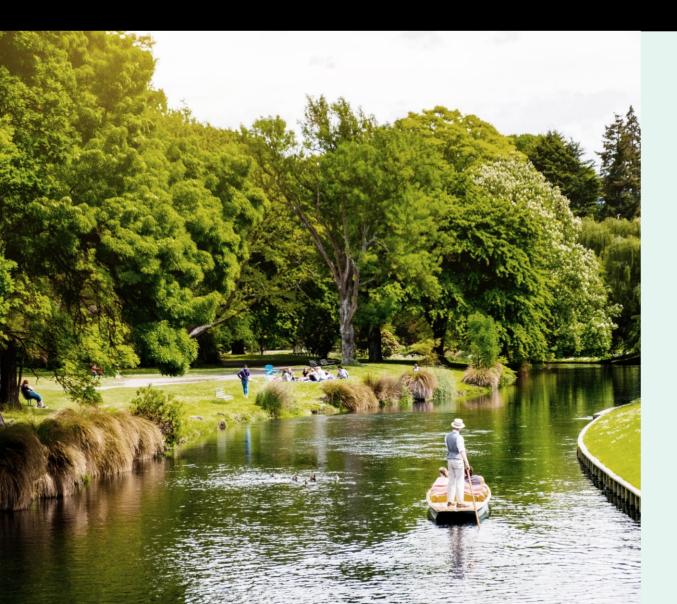


**Tim Preston** Lead Engineer - Water

## Regeneration of Christchurch stormwater modelling Avon Citywide 2.0 Delivered

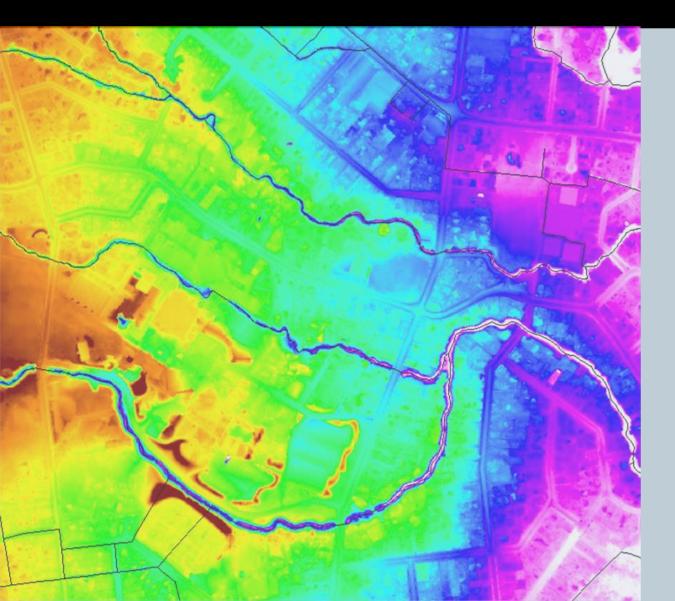
**\*** Stormwater Conference 23-25 May 2023

## **Presentation contents**



- Christchurch challenges
- Avon Citywide modelling
- Cranford basin active management
- Modelling high groundwater
- Screw pump station
- Model runs and large scale
- Post processing deliverables
- Lessons learned
- Finding faults
- Conclusions and acknowledgements
- Questions

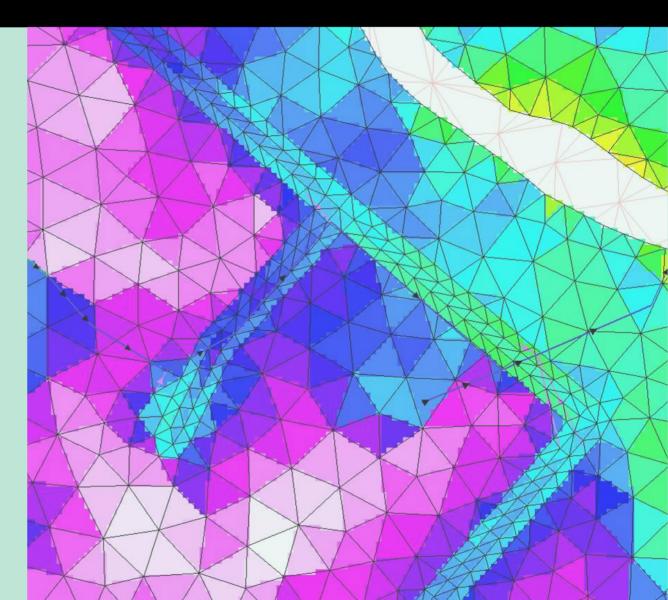
## **Christchurch challenges**



- Flat topography, no catchments
- Reverse topography
- Detail matters
- Coastal estuary
- High sea level sensitivity
- Rainfall durations (not nested)

# Avon "Citywide Modelling"

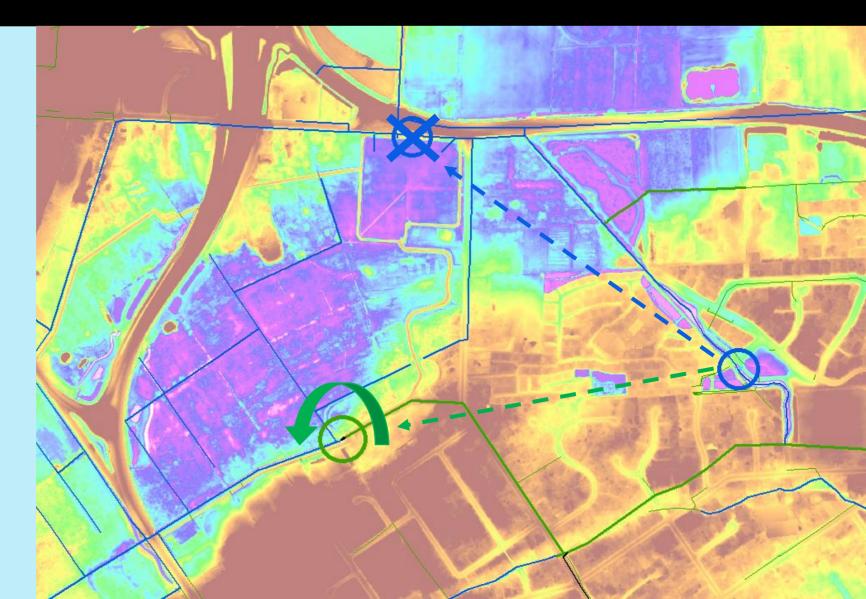
- DHIv2020 Mike Flood 3-way coupled
- Rain on mesh, HIRDSv4, 70% triangular shape
- 139 km<sup>2</sup>, 1.8M triangles, 12m<sup>2</sup> minimum cell size
- M21 constant infiltration with capacity
- Road centrelines and gutters to 15022 sumps
- 358km of urban pipes (11897 links)
- 13 pump stations (mainly MU, 2 M11)
- 156km of rivers (8814 computational points)
- Tidal stopbanks, estuary, open ocean boundary



#### **Cranford Basin Active Management**



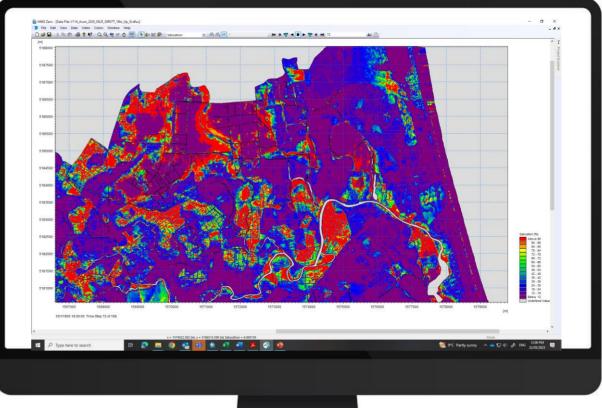
- Winters Basin then new Cranford Basin
- Buller Stream water level sensor (M11)
- M11 Winters active controlled gate (closed on high level in Buller Stream)
- MU Cranford PS219 controlled locally
- MU Cranford PS219 controlled by M11 Buller Stream



#### Modelling high groundwater



- Increasing importance with sea level rise
- Incompatible with defacto Horton's or other methods
- DHI "M21 Constant Infiltration with Capacity"
- 50 yr 18 hrs ED result at end of rainfall V114\_Avon\_2020\_0SLR\_5 0R07T\_18hr\_Up\_SI.dfsu





#### Horseshoe lake pump station

📸 MIKE Zero - [101m_avon_postEQ_E	ED2014	LFutEQ.n	wk11:2 - Modifie	d]								_		×	
: 🍞 <u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> etwork <u>L</u> a	ayers	<u>S</u> ettings	<u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> e	lp										- 8	×
: D 🚅 🖬   X 🖻 🛍   🎒 🥐 🕨	?														
Overview	^	Details			^	T									
Network     Points (8625)		River		ainage		ure ID	-		Numbe	r of colun	nns [	8			Project Explorer
Branches (198)		avon	horsehoe 20	00	PS205_PostEQ				Numbe	r of rows	[	6			ot E
Weirs (77)		Calcula	ation Mode	Туре	Type Regular   Edit reservoir					Water level datum Discharge factor					xplo
Culverts (540) Bridges (3)		Q = f	(h U/S, h D/S) 🗸	Regular											Гег
Pump (0)			h D/S												
Regulating (0)		1	h U/S	0	9.933	10.133	10.433	10.633	10.933	11.033	11.333	-			
Control Str. (61) Dambreak Str. (0)		2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
User defined (1)		3	9.133	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Tabulated Structures (2)		4	9.333	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0				
Energy Loss (12)		5	9.733	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	0	0				
Hydraulic Control (MIKE 12)		6	9.833	14	14	14	14	14	14	0	0				
Routing	×	7	100	14	14	14	14	14	14	0	0				
														~	
Ready					Х	= 1574357	7.8 y = 518	83291.5							



- 14m3/s Archimedes screw pumps
- Extended for king tide capacity
- Non-linear relationship with tailwater level
- Does not conform with Q-H or Q-deltaH
- M11 network tabulated structure approach

## Model Runs

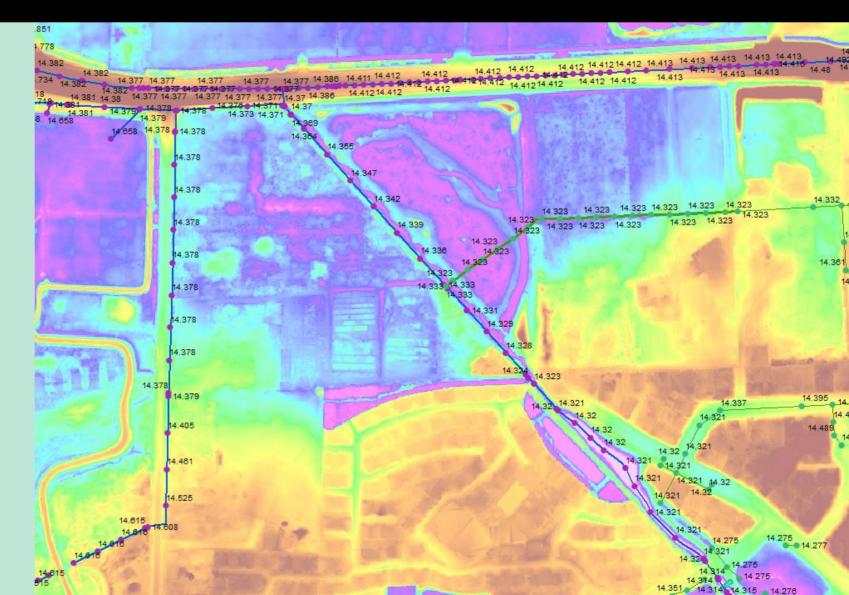
- 17 Scenarios
  - Future conditions
  - Various other specifics
- 4 ARIs
  - 10, 50, 200, 500yr ARI
- 43 combos (ARI scenario)
- 4-6 Rain event durations for each combination
- 210 Total model runs
  - 600 Gb digital deliverables

	Run Scenarios			Dominant Rain/Tide ARI									
Batch		Rainfall/Tide Pairing	Storm durations	Development	Ground water %th	Sea Level Rise	Rainfall Climate Change	Stopbank	FutureEQ	10ARI	50ARI	200ARI	500ARI
1	2020		Odd	2020	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 0.00m	0%	Down	noEQ	Yes	Yes	Yes*	n/a
2	2020		Odd	2020	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 0.00m	0%	Up	noEQ	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	n/a
3	2030+		Odd	2030	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 0.19m	Jacob	Down	noEQ	Yes	Yes	Yes	n/a
4	2030+		Odd	2030	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 0.19m	Jacob	Up	noEQ	Yes	Yes	Yes	n/a
5	2060+		Odd	2068	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 0.45m	Jacob	Down	noEQ	Yes	Yes	Yes	n/a
6	2060+		Odd	2068	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 0.45m	Jacob	Up	noEQ	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	n/a
7	2100+	Joint Probability	Odd	2068	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 1.06m	Jacob	Down	noEQ	Yes	Yes	Yes	n/a
8	2150+		Odd	2068	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 1.88m	Jacob	Down	noEQ	Yes	Yes	Yes	n/a
9	2150++		Odd	2068	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 2.40m	Jacob	Down	noEQ	Yes	Yes	Yes	n/a
10	2060+		Odd	2068	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 0.45m	Jacob	Up	FutureEQ	Yes	Yes	Yes	n/a
11	2060+		Odd	2068	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 0.45m	Jacob	Down	FutureEQ	Yes	Yes	Yes	n/a
12	2100+		Odd	2068	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 1.06m	Jacob	Down	FutureEQ	Yes	Yes	Yes	n/a
13	Sensitivity test (2100+)		Odd	2068	85 <sup>th</sup>	+ 1.06m	Jacob	Down	noEQ	Yes	Yes	Yes	n/a
14	DistrictPlan Future		Even	2068	85 <sup>th</sup>	+1.00m	16%	Down	noEQ	n/a	n/a	Yes*	n/a
15	DistrictPlan Current	1:10 ratio	Even	2020	50 <sup>th</sup>	+ 0.00m	0%	Down	noEQ	n/a	n/a	n/a	Yes*
16	DistrictPlan Future	1:10 ratio	Even	2068	85 <sup>th</sup>	+0.50m	Jacob	Down	noEQ	n/a	n/a	n/a	Yes*
17	DistrictPlan Future		Even	2068	85 <sup>th</sup>	+1.00m	Jacob	Down	noEQ	n/a	n/a	n/a	Yes*

## 1D points tool



- Max water levels from MU+M11 across multiple results
- Max of run, max of batch and critical duration
- Geometries from PRF and RES11 files
- Output CSV ready for SHP
- Log file records inputs and outputs
- Open-source and published on Github

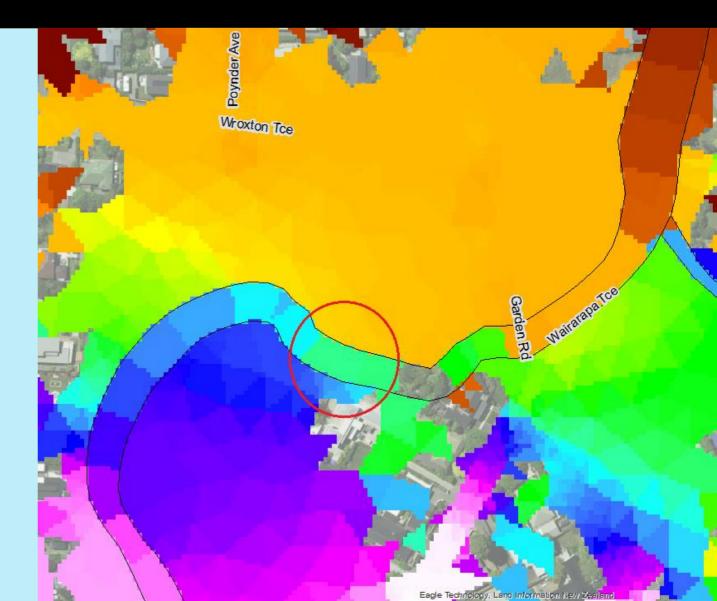


## 1D points tool

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I.	J	K	L	Μ	N	S	Т
1 n	ode_id	file_type	projection	х	у	invert_levelV	'114c_Ave	V114c_0S	V114_Avor	V114_0SL	V114_Avor	V114_0SL	V114_Avor	V114_0SL	max_of_max_level	max_of_max_depth
2 A	VON.Inlet.CCCGIS.49278	prf		1568633	5184102	18.5		18.593		19.514		19.428		18.748	19.514	1.014
3 A	VON.AVON 18382.1	res11		1573383	5181334	8.497	11.244		10.987		11.156		11.413		11.498	3.001
4 A	VON.Inlet.CCCGIS.289	prf		1578019	5183279	10.155		11.406		11.723		11.789		11.768	11.789	1.634
5 A	VON.Wc.avon.rawhiti.249	prf		1577465	5183615	10.49		11.05		11.047		11.419		11.62	11.62	1.13
6 A	VON.MOORES 520.0	res11		1570562	5184579	13.09	14.216		14.227		14.246		14.248		14.378	1.288
7 A	VON.RHODES12 74.9	res11		1571623	5185905	12.322	13.142		12.904		13.126		13.302		13.365	1.043
8 A	VON.Access.CCCGIS.2406	prf		1566505	5183841	24.694		25.514		25.909		25.907		25.899	25.909	1.215
9 A	VON.Inlet.CCM.6397	prf		1570873	5179668	13.019		13.884		15.015		15.015		14.731	15.015	1.996
10 A	VON.HEWLINGS 644.4	res11		1565805	5182904	24.348	25.11		25.352		25.422		25.435		25.435	1.087
11 A	VON.Inlet.CCCGIS.11244	prf		1565385	5180787	23.464		23.97		24.492		25.156		25.154	25.156	1.692
12 A	VON.STALBAN 5814.3	res11		1572172	5182051	10.991	12.038		12.064		12.24		12.259		12.259	1.268
13 A	VON.SNELLNG 2239.9	res11		1574058	5185305	9.872	11.013		10.904		11.144		11.244		11.244	1.372
14 A	VON.Access.CCCGIS.11586	prf		1568665	5180514	16.316		16.591		17.276		17.291		17.343	17.343	1.027
15 A	VON.Access.CCCGIS.2214	prf		1566277	5184957	25.665		27.022		27.015		27.155		27.204	27.204	1.539
16 E	STY.CHARLBR1 157.3	res11		1575833	5178875	10.52	11.026		10.848		10.885		10.882		11.026	0.506
17 A	von.Access.CCCGIS.20253	prf		1573259	5186139	10.19		11.832		12.243		12.386		12.351	12.386	2.196
18 A	VON.BINGSDR 1029.2	res11		1572014	5182570	11.612	12.398		12.387		12.638		12.93		12.93	1.318
19 A	VON.Wc.riccmain2038.5	prf		1568039	5180047	15.32		17.499		17.619		17.893		18.186	18.186	2.866
20 A	VON.Outlet.CCCGIS.13748	prf		1566499	5184601	25.028		26.233		26.229		26.362		26.421	26.421	1.393
21 A	VON.Access.PAM.9440	prf		1575887	5186429	11.451		12.363		12.691		12.779		12.774	12.779	1.328
22 A	VON.Inlet.ARM.21767	prf		1576140	5183087	10.092		10.639		11.37		11.347		11.321	11.37	1.278
23 A	VON.AVON 16482.4	res11		1572715	5181356	8.998	11.398		11.148		11.508		11.745		11.768	2.769
24 A	VON.Access.CCCGIS.2501	prf		1566617	5180165	20.663		21.899		22.147		22.218		22.227	22.227	1.564
25 A	VON.Inlet.CCCGIS.17019	prf		1564388	5182667	29.038		29.57		29.665		29.977		30.01	30.01	0.972

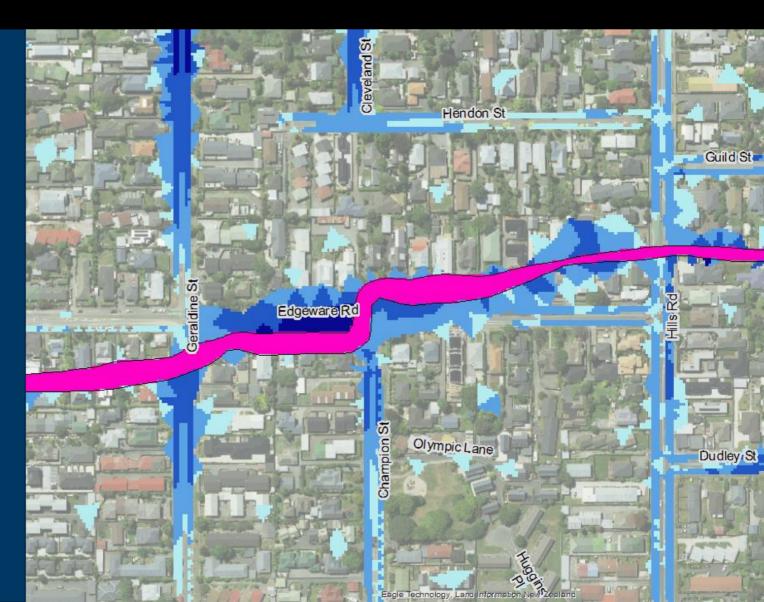
#### Lessons learned – lateral flows

- Lateral linked flows connect the floodplain & rivers
- Finite capacity and flow constraints to aid stability
- Unsatisfactory results where lateral flows are large



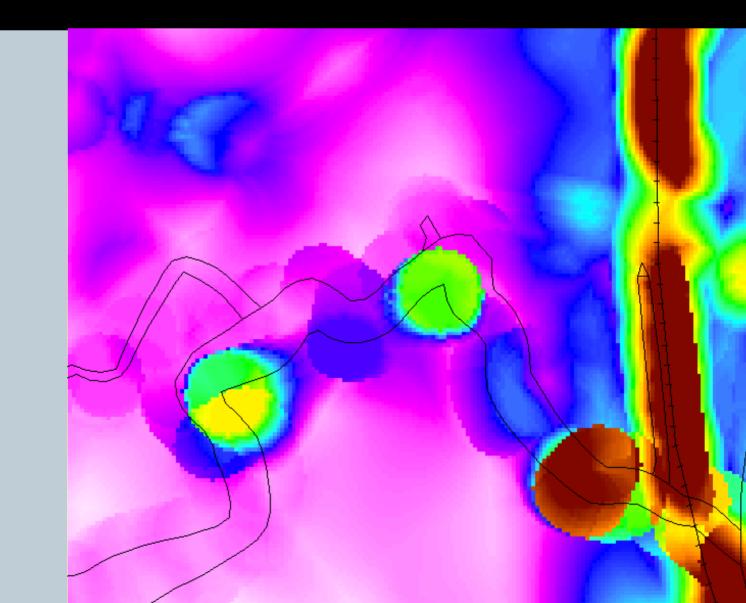
#### Lessons learned - blockouts

- Continuous blockouts for short culverts
- Good usually but this 'blocked' the road surfaces as flow paths
- Sometimes this was important to flood levels
- Approach now to find and join up the mesh
- Potential systematic change



## Fault finding – high slopes

- Harakeke Street North
- Filter floodplain 'noise'
- Floodplain centroid points and river points interpolated to raster
- River points separately to thiessen polygon raster burned over
- Trend levels (100m radius averaging)
- Data minus trend (flat anomalies from trend)
- Search radius, max minus min



#### **Conclusions Acknowledgements**





- Big detail, big data
- Plan, do, observe, learn
- Still learning how to observe better
- Pay attention to water levels between floodplain and rivers in conjunction with the depth tolerance parameter
- Continuity of road surfaces in the floodplain model was more important to results than we anticipated
- Open source programming can enhance our ability to process large model result sets into more useful summary forms
- Thanks to CCC
  - Helen Beaumont, Kevin McDonald, Tom Parsons, Jo Golden



# **\*** Thank You

