

#### MINDING THE GAP: REFLECTIONS ON TEN YEARS OF FLOOD RECOVERY WORK

Peter Christensen





### Understanding the gap

What are we doing well?

What can we learn from others?

Where do we need to be making the biggest changes through advocacy and practice?





Christchurch earthquake effects on flooding Direct damage to waterways

Direct damage to structures

Change in flood risk





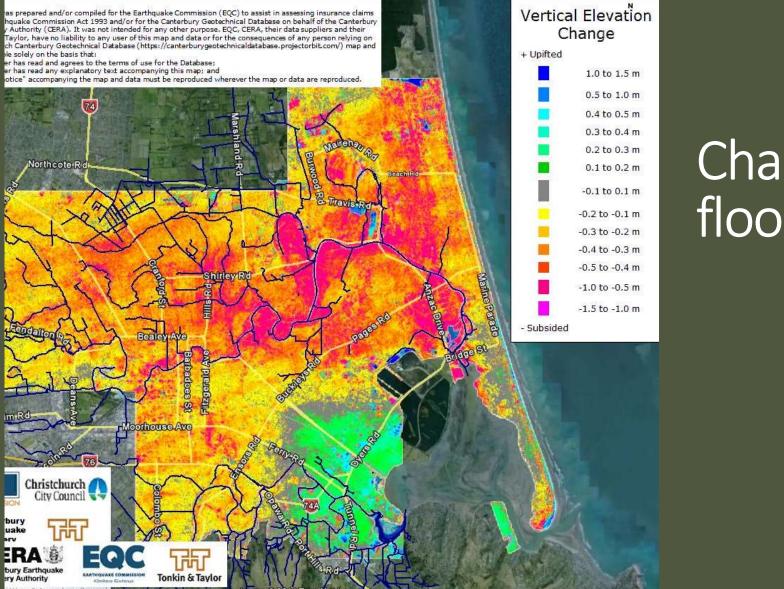
## Direct damage to waterways





## Direct damage to structures

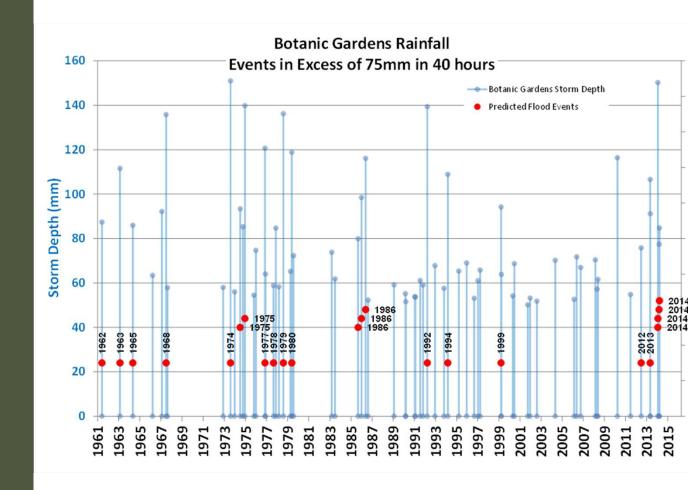




# Change in flood risk



## Of course, earthquakes don't cause flooding, rain does



#### One of many: April 2014 flooding in Christchurch





## Post-EQ Flooding

Some houses were flooded four times above the floor over a short period Increase in vulnerability to both frequent and extreme floods





## Land Drainage Recovery Programme

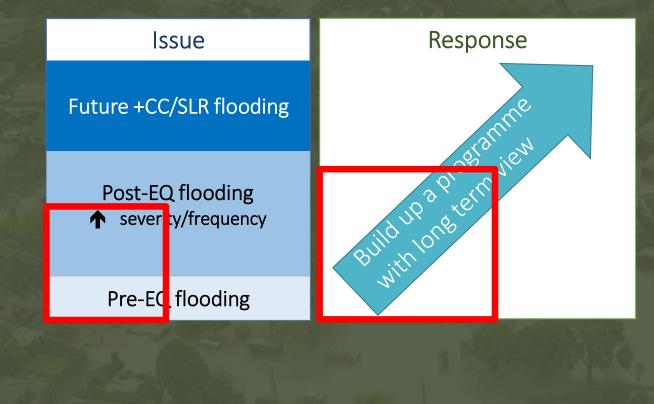
Goal: To restore flood risk to pre-earthquake levels

\$1.2B programme over 30 years (now absorbed into BAU)

\$300M spent to date



## Heathcote River Floodplain Management Programme







Heathcote River Floodplain Management Programme

- Protect
- Avoid
- Retreat
- Accommodate

How did we do?



## Council wins award for environmental sustainability



Caring for the environment | 20 Oct 2022

Share this story

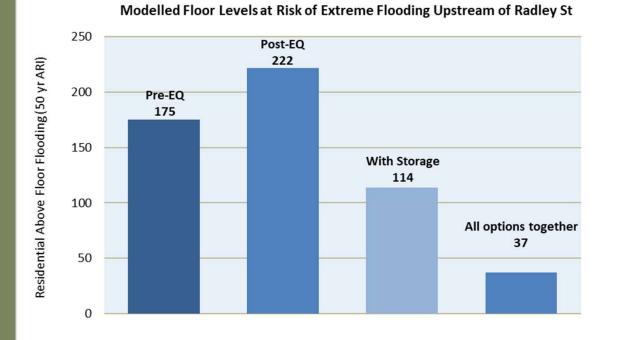


A multimillion-dollar floodplain management project in the upper catchment of the Ōpāwaho Heathcote River has earned Christchurch City Council a national award for Environmental Sustainability.

## Protect – what happened

- Aimed for most frequent events primarily fluvial
- Basins major investment in green infrastructure
- Pump stations
- Bank repair and widening
- Stopbanks process with the community to agree not to install
- ~\$120M spent to date





*Extreme flood risk along the Ōpāwaho / Heathcote River (2% AEP, as estimated in November 2017)* 

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### Flood protection work pays off as Christchurch homes stay dry

Tina Law 05:00, Jun 01 2021

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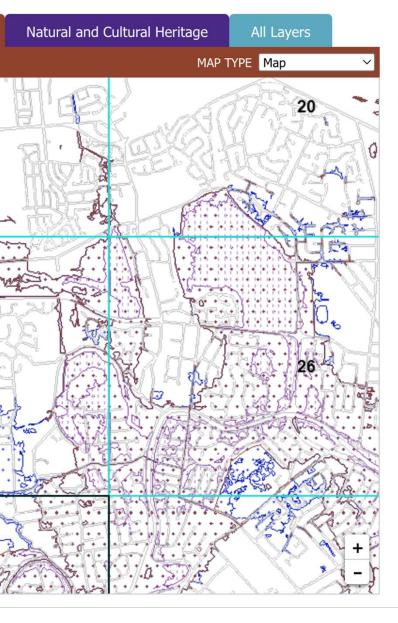
IAIN MCGREGOR/STUFF

Flockton residents have only had surface flooding over the past three days, unlike when in 2014 (above) when homes and streets were flooded. (File photo)

#### Protect – gaps

- Pluvial flooding still largely unaddressed
- Public perception that flooding is now fixed
- Funding dropping off after initial programme of works showing funding is still event-related
- Funding still largely based on 'actual' flooding rather than modelled flood risk
- No national level of service to guide investment





Мар	Legend	Select All
Natu	ral Hazard Overlays	=
Flood	Hazard	
•••	Fixed Minimum Floor Level	Overlay within 🗹
	Flood Management Area	
••••	Flood Management Area	
222	Flood Ponding Management Area 🛛 🗸	
	High Flood Hazard Manage	ment Area 🛛 🔽
Liquefaction Hazard		
<i>(((())</i> )	Liquefaction Management	Area (LMA)

#### Avoid - planning

- District Plan
  - High Flood Hazard Management Areas
  - Flood Ponding Management Areas
- Coastal Hazards Adaptation & Planning Programme
- 'Real' flooding helps build confidence in planning

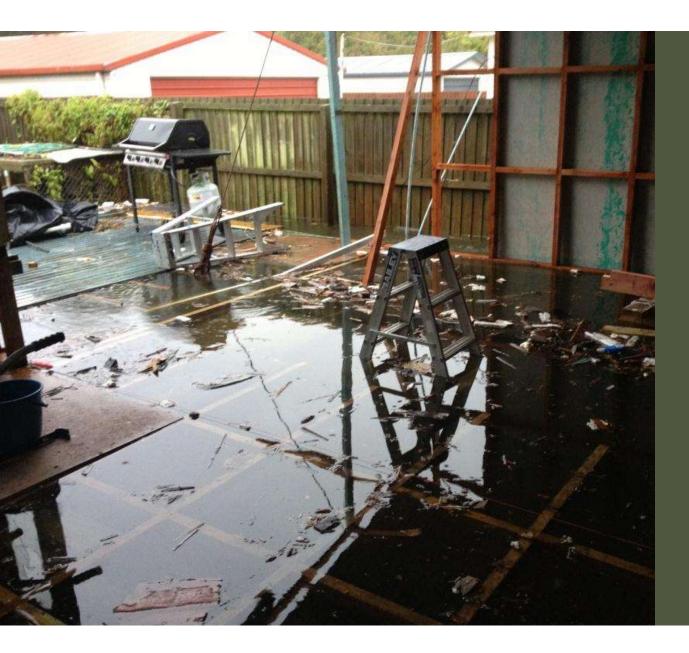




#### Avoid – gaps

- Changes to planning are often too slow to keep up with new information
- Large legacy remains
- Good planning is often undermined by 'one-off' decisions – allowed for in the RMA process

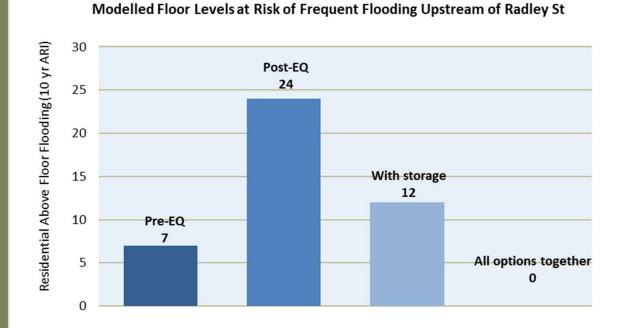




#### Retreat

- Flood Intervention Policy
- Applied in Dudley Creek & Heathcote Catchment
- Most vulnerable houses purchased those which:
  - Flooded multiple times above floor post-eq
  - Modelled above floor level flooding in 10% AEP current climate event



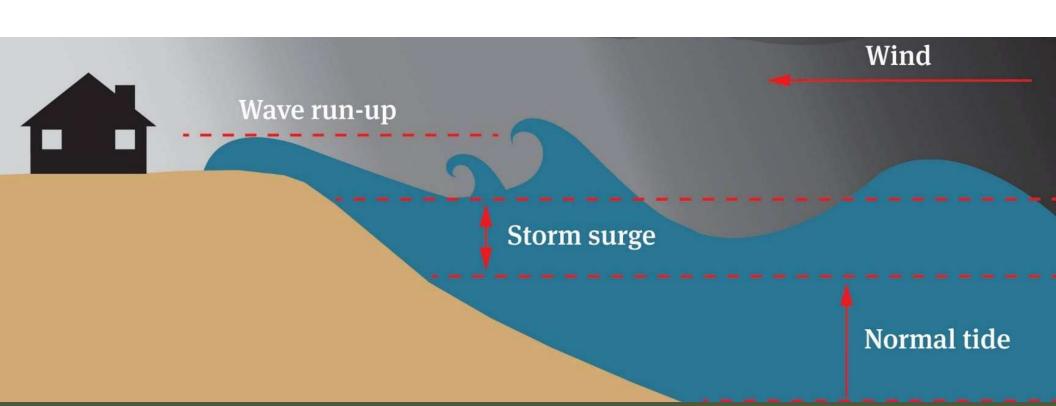


Frequent flood risk along the Ōpāwaho / Heathcote River (10% AEP, as estimated in November 2017)

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### Retreat - gaps

- Lack of clear direction from government
- Difficult conversation to have without a strong policy framework
- Concerns about setting precedents can lead to paralysis
- Impacts from sea level and groundwater rise are not a future problem, it's a now problem



#### Accomodate

- District Plan sets floor levels
- Individual properties often have accommodate measures
- Only address part of the risk





## Accomodate – gaps

- Do people understand what it's like to live with flooding under their houses?
- Will they accept it when it becomes more frequent?
- Can the other networks (eg wastewater, roads) continue to function?
- People still don't really understand flood risk (or risk in general) and so 'accommodate' can result in an optimism bias ('It'll never happen to me...")
- People don't necessarily know what to do when it floods
- What about the cost of cleanup?





#### Gaps?

- 'Lines in the sand' for areas to avoid
- Understanding of the limitations of protect
- When is accommodate acceptable?
- National flood standards
- Proactive risk-based investment rather than reactionary
- How can we talk about risk better?
- Sharing best practice



#### Beyond the Quick Flood Fix by Clare Feeney

east cost for highest return on investment

higher but necessary costs also yield ROI

#### Avoid flooding by

informing sustainable land use decisions through catchment planning, modelling, assessing climate change, receiving environments and the impacts/ risk/consequences of land use options

#### Reduce flooding by

urban planning and design put wai first to protect people and ecology, and and give space to streams and and other macro green infrastructure networks

#### Delay it by

building, street, subdivision and property design with green roofs, green walls, detention tanks comprise micro green infrastructure that helps further delay and flatten flood peaks

Pipe

stormwater flows through a carefully planned network of intakes, pipes and outfalls that support health, safety and ecology